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THE LUCKETTS OF PORTOBACCO

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The Lucketts of Portobacco

A genealogical history of Samuel
Lockett, Gent. of Port Tobacco,
Charles County, Maryland, and
some of his descendants, with a
sketch of the allied family of
Offutt, of Prince Georges
County, Maryland

by

HARRY WRIGHT NEWMAN

Published by the Author
Washington, D. C.
1938

Harry Wright Newman
has compiled and published the following

Anne Arundel Gentry

The Smoots of Maryland and Virginia

The Stones of Poynton Manor

Some Maryland Revolutionary Records

1233663

PREFACE

WORK on the Lockett family was begun about ten years ago for my friend, Mrs. Mary Lockett Drane, of Clarksville, Tennessee, and as I have animated interest in all early settlers of Maryland and their descendants, I became involved in a complete genealogical history of the family. A year ago I conceived the idea of publishing the research, and thus give to the many descendants of this prominent family, especially that branch descending from Colonel William Lockett, of Montgomery County, Maryland, the benefits of their colonial and revolutionary background. The project was met with gross indifference by those members of the family now residing within Maryland and the District of Columbia, and inasmuch as the research and printing had to be financed solely by me, the response from only twelve members of the family outside of Maryland indicated that the publication would be most difficult. Rather than relinquish the idea, it was decided to complete the task and thus in a visible manner extend my gratitude to the twelve descendants who submitted pre-publication subscriptions.

Of the twelve I wish especially to express my sincere thanks for the enthusiasm and work of Mrs. Miriam Bryan Miller, of Morganton, North Carolina, twice a lineal descendant of Colonel William Lockett of the French and Indian Wars as well as the Revolution, who aroused a sense of family consciousness among the Bryan-Offutt descendants. And none the least do I wish to extend my appreciation to Mrs. Drane who also did much

Preface

to make her immediate kinsmen acquire a sense of pride for their colonial forbears.

I regret, however, that it was inexpedient to publish the extensive data which were collected on other lines, especially the Lucketts who settled in Georgia and those who remained in Maryland—but after much time, patience, and correspondence, it was impossible to arouse interest sufficient for a single subscription among them, though many expressed their pleasure to know that such a book would be published and would be “thrilled” to have it contain their name and lineage.

Despite these many obstacles, however, my fourth book is offered to the public on families of Maryland, a Province in which all of my colonial ancestors settled in the seventeenth century—now a State which should be honored and hallowed by all who can claim descent from the brave and courageous pioneers whether nobility, gentry, yeomanry, or servant who settled within her borders before seventeen hundred.

Harry Wright Newman,
1701 H Street Northwest,
Washington, D. C.



Lockett

THE LUCKETTS OF PORTOBACCO

NATURALLY much interest is centered in the emigrant ancestor—not only because it is he who is the progenitor of all bearing his name in the States of today, but because there is interest in the motives which actuated his leaving the Old World and beginning life anew in virgin territory. Then much curiosity exists regarding the Anglo-Saxon background of the pioneer and the part his ancestors played in the shaping of England or Scotland which in his day had become the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Often correct conclusions are drawn why the settler left his natal land. Many emigrated to America for political or religious freedom, some to establish trade relations with the mother country and in this instance often a younger son of a merchant in Bristol or London was sent to promote the business of his father. Others came for pure adventure and the opportunity to advance their social position when it was almost impossible to rise above the station in life to which they were born in conservative England of the seventeenth century. Then there were the prisoners of war or the defeated leaders of revolutions, who were sent or sold in America as indentures, as well as the exiled criminal—high crimes and misdemeanors as well as petty crimes against society. Maryland received her share of such criminals, but the greater portion was sent further South, especially to the Carolinas and Georgia.

Tradition is interesting and should be regarded, but in the greater number of cases it is the fanciful dream of some one in the past generation and can be disproved after adequate research. Most genealogical writers of the late

nineteenth century were endowed with most vivid imagination and had most early settlers, especially those of Maryland and Virginia, the sons and daughters of lords and dukes, parading around the colonial villages and plantations with gold-hilted swords and jeweled snuff boxes. As a consequence, the present generation believes these tales and a great many refuse to accept the truth even in the face of absolute proof to the contrary.

The Luckett family also has its traditions. The original Luckett was one of the colonists who settled in Lord Baltimore's Province of Avalon on the Isle of Newfoundland during 1621, and came to Virginia when Lord Baltimore visited that colony in 1629, and there he remained. A few years later in 1634 when Leonard Calvert, son of the First Lord Baltimore, established the Maryland Palatinate, he removed to Maryland to become once again under the sovereignty of his former lordship. Only little credence can be placed in this tradition, for no proof has been found for its authenticity.

Regarding the background of the emigrant ancestor, the task is exceedingly more difficult to ascertain or even to make accurate deductions. It seems as if a curtain were drawn when the emigrant came to this side of the globe. Furthermore, the burning of the offices in London during 1820 containing the passenger lists of the ships, the age of the passenger, his place of birth, his oath of fidelity to the Crown has completely destroyed the greatest and most coveted information which we in America are seeking.

Experience has consequently shown that the proving of the parents of an American colonist is not only a long and laborious task in searching the preserved records of

England, but in most instances it has proved impossible. And in the majority of cases when it is stated that the English ancestry of the forefather is known, it is often questionable and fails to lend itself to absolute proof. Thus, the task of locating the parents of the Lockett pioneer of Maryland has been most difficult and so far with no positive results.

The Virginia records disclose one Richard Lockett being transported by William Wildy in 1657 and one Edward Lockett by Edmund Machen, of New Kent County in 1662. These men left no recorded history in the Virginia archives, and it is noted that Richard and Edward were names not found in the first four generations of the Lockett family in Maryland. Furthermore, from the indistinct script of the Virginia archives, the names upon examination could be Suckett as well as Lockett. The records of the Land Office at Richmond disclose that no freeholder bearing the name of Samuel Lockett applied for Virginia headrights prior to 1666.

ENGLISH BACKGROUND

All authorities on surnames agree that Lockett is a diminutive of the given name Luke—which has also given rise to Lukin, Luckins, Luckings, Luckock, Lucock, Locock, Locard, Lockard, Lockhart, Lockit, Lockitt, Locket, Lockett, Luckit, and Lucket.

It has been said that these names are of Norman-French origin, and its earliest known member in England was Locard. He accompanied the forces of William the Conqueror to Britain in 1066 and fought at the decisive battle of Hastings, but failing to return to his native Normandy,

he remained in England and founded the families which bear his name in one form or another.

While actual documentary proof of the above is lacking, it is known, however, that the earliest family using the spelling Lockett and Luckett, mostly the latter, was by 1530 in County Kent, England, which is the nearest approach to France. It is also known that many Normen settled in Kent after the Conquest as well as a number of Huguenots of a later date.

The earliest freeholder found is that of Wilhelmi Lucket, of Chislet Parish, Kent. At the parish church of St. Mary's, his son Ambrose was baptized according to the rites of the Church of England in 1556. The entry reads as follows:

"Ambrosius filis Wilhelmi Lucket erat baptisatus 11 die Augusti patrib^s et mat^r Ambrosius yong thome herdes margeria idivyn Anno D'Ni 1556."

The next entry is "Elizabet Locket was chrystyn the XXX day off Januarij Anno Donni 1560".

Ambrosius Lucket married on April 22, 1594, Agnes Bricken, and had issue. And contemporary with Ambrosius were John and Thomas. In the register are fifty-three Lukett, Luckett, and Lockett entries of baptisms, marriages, and burials from 1556 to 1679, but not a single Samuel. Thomas appears somewhat frequently and also Thomasine, the feminine form, which indicates that Thomas was a significant name in this family.

The absence of Samuel indicates, unless the records of the parish are incomplete, that he was born elsewhere, but it does demonstrate that Samuel was not a strong name on the paternal side, and that it probably came

through the distaff side of which no known information is in existence.

The visitations consulted on Kent disclose no connections with local armorial families, nor do the publications on heraldry show any arms granted to any member using the spelling of Lockett—they do, however, show arms issued to the branch which adapted the orthography of Lockett.

The arms contained in this book is described as: “Or, a chevron gules between three stags’ heads couped proper.”

SAMUEL LUCKETT GENTLEMAN AND ADVENTURER

In the absence of facts regarding the emigrant ancestor, one must examine known truths of his life and thus make deductions accordingly. Samuel Lockett, the Maryland progenitor, failed to apply for his 50 acres of land which were due each and every settler upon his declared intentions to inhabit permanently in Maryland. In the absence of this instrument one does not know whether he emigrated and thus paid for his own passage, or whether he was brought into Maryland by another party. The former is believed to be the circumstances, for usually those who transported settlers and servants were most anxious to acclaim their rights to the 50 acres.

The very first evidence of his being in Maryland was during the fall of 1678 when he received 30 pounds of tobacco for his participation in the Nanticoke Indian War.¹ This fact is rather significant, because it proves that he served in the ranks and inasmuch as the war was not one in which all man power was conscripted, it is concluded that he was young and therefore not more than thirty years of age at that time. Consequently, it is estimated that his birth occurred around the year 1650.

Six years later, March 1684, he witnessed the will of his neighbor, Colonel William Chandler, an early and wealthy planter of Port Tobacco, who had migrated from Virginia. In August of the same year he purchased from William Smoot, of the Wicomico, for 5,000 pounds of tobacco the tract "Johnson's Royke", formerly laid out for George Goodrick.

¹ Maryland Archives, vol. 7, p. 101.

And in the year 1684 Samuel Lockett married a young and affluent widow. From the foregoing facts, there is nothing to discredit the theory that he was born before 1650, and it is highly possible that his birth occurred even sometime after that year. However, 1650 is a fair estimate.

Studying the names of his children, one may derive other conclusions. His four sons were William, Samuel, Thomas Hussey, and Thomas. No known justification is apparent for the first name—William. Samuel was his namesake, while Thomas Hussey was the full name of his father-in-law. But the fact that he named his youngest son Thomas Hussey when one was already baptized Thomas is important. In those days the naming of children was significant and they were not given because they met with the fancy of the parents. One son was most assuredly named after the paternal grandfather, and it is not believed to be William. It was most likely Thomas, a name common to the Lucketts of County Kent, England.

From various factors it can be assumed, though proof is lacking, that the father of the American emigrant was born in the early 1600's in England—probably about 1620.

Shortly after November 24, 1683, Samuel Lockett, of Port Tobacco, married the young and childless widow of John Gardiner—a scion of an early and prominent Roman Catholic family. On the above-mentioned date the widow was granted letters of administration on the estate of her deceased husband, at which time Richard Gardiner and Luke Gardiner, Gent., of St. Mary's County, offered bond.

At the Perogative Court held in Charles County during 1684, "Appeared Samuel Lockett of Charles County who intermarried with the relict and administrator of John Gardiner and showeth that he never intermedled with goods". Here proof exists of his marriage to the widow, and also for the belief that he had interfered with the estate of her deceased husband.

Elizabeth was the daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Hussey, Gent., and his second wife Johanna. Although Thomas Hussey entered the Province as an indenture, he was styled Gent., indicating in that day that he was a scion of the English gentry. His signature is found on documents which prove that he was educated in letters—an accomplishment not always attributable to many of the early settlers. He became one of the interesting characters of the early days and once wrote to Lord Baltimore that he had been robbed by the Indians "of alle but the clothes on my bodye". He contracted numerous marriages, and while it is not clear whether he professed the Roman or Anglican faith, it is known that his second wife was a Catholic, the religion which was imparted to their two daughters.

Thomas Hussey died at the beginning of the eighteenth century, and by his will, proved October 14, 1700, he devised his grandson and namesake, Thomas Hussey Lockett, 1,310 acres of land at Chingamucon (Chicamuxen) which lay in Durham Parish, the western-most portion of the county.

The brother-in-law of Samuel Lockett, that is, William Langworth who married Anne, the other daughter of Thomas Hussey, dated his will February 7, 1693, and devised to his "brother Samuel Lockett's three sons"—

Samuel, Thomas, and Ignatius—the estate of his three daughters on the condition that they died during minority and without issue.

Children of Samuel and Elizabeth (Hussey) Lockett

1. Samuel Lockett married Anne ———. *q.v.*
2. Thomas Lockett married Sarah ———. *q.v.*
3. Ignatius Lockett married Jane ———. *q.v.*
4. Thomas Hussey Lockett married Elizabeth Price. *q.v.*

In January 1695, Samuel Lockett was bondsman for “Major James Smallwood who married Mary the relict of Robert Thompson, Jr., late of Charles County”. All were his neighbors on Port Tobacco Creek.

He was a member of the Provincial Court during 1696, and in that year signed a Petition to the King as a civil officer of Charles County.² This fact alone establishes him as a member of the Church of England, inasmuch as beginning with the reign of William and Mary, all members of the Romanish faith were disenfranchised and barred from holding office.

On July 3, 1703, he and Colonel William Dent offered bond for Charity Courts and John Contee, the executors of the estate of James Keech, late of St. Mary’s County.

The will of Samuel Lockett was dated March 5, 1705, and proved in Charles County on July 18, 1705, by Philip Briscoe, Sr., Joseph Venom, and Michael Waterer. From the tone of the will it is concluded that all of his sons were minors except perhaps his eldest child Samuel who was of sufficient age to be named joint executor with his mother Elizabeth.

² Maryland Archives, vol. 20, pp. 539, 543, 558.

He devised "Smoot's Chance" to his wife, and "Hussey's Discovery" of 200 acres to his son Samuel as well as 150 acres adjacent to the land formerly known to be Captain Josias Fendall and then adjoining the plantation of the widow Elizabeth Hawkins. He willed Thomas 500 acres of land in Virginia near Quantico, Ignatius 100 acres called "Thompson's Square", and personalty to his young son Thomas Hussey Lockett.

The residue of the estate was bequeathed to his wife and children "including money due in England". The latter could be receipts from his tobacco crops, yet, there is a possibility that it refers to a legacy or the portion of his parent's estate.

The inventory of his personal estate was taken on April 5, 1705, and appraised by Captain Philip Briscoe and Michael Martin at £829/13/3. The inventory listed articles at "the Old House", which was undoubtedly the smaller and less pretentious home first built, and it may have been a primitive log cabin which the settlers usually built upon arrival. Then there was "Zachia Quarter" where his seven white indentured servants were housed. No negro slaves were listed. In his mansion house there were "the hall; Mrs. Lockett's Roome and the little Roome adjoining; ye Roome chamber; Hall Chamber; and ye two new room Chambers". The outer dwellings were a milk house, salt house, kitchen, ordinary, and a stable stocked with 16 horses.

The bondsmen for the executors were Philip Briscoe and Michael Martin. Prior to the death of Samuel Lockett, he was the administrator of the estate of William Earle, of Charles County, but after his death Philip Harrold instituted action against the estate of Earle and

obtained judgment. Elizabeth Lockett in court swore that her deceased husband fully administered on the estate of Earle and knew "of no effects in her hands" belonging to the estate and requested time "to the court of 13 November next that she may better inform herself in the matter".

Elizabeth lost but little time in acquiring a third husband, and by November 6, 1705, she had married John Hanson. On that date, the latter, his wife Elizabeth, and Samuel Lockett "executors of Samuel Lockett, deceased" rendered an account to the Perogative Court.

At the 1705 fall session of the County Court the grand jury, with John Beale as foreman, indicted Nicholas Gulick, a Romanist priest, for "marrying John Hanson and the widdow Lockett contrary to Law". Likewise, John Hanson and Elizabeth his wife were indicted "for being and suffering the . . . to marry".

The first husband of Elizabeth Hussey was a member of a staunch Roman Catholic family, but Samuel Lockett was not and furthermore was not converted to her faith, yet there is every evidence that her four Lockett sons were all raised under the Catholic banner. Her third husband was of a family as staunch in their support of the Church of England as the Gardiners were of Rome, yet one sees a scion being married by a Roman priest. And their four Hanson children were raised under the dogma of Rome.

SAMUEL LUCKETT ²
AND
HIS DESCENDANTS

Samuel Lockett, the eldest son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Hussey) Lockett, was born October 10, 1685, at Port Tobacco, Charles County, Maryland, according to court records. Sometime before 1712 he married Ann ———, presumably a maiden of the neighborhood, but whose patrimony has yet to be established.

On June 11, 1712, Samuel Lockett, described as the son and heir of Samuel Lockett late of Charles County, deceased, conveyed to Michael Martin, Planter, the land that "William Smoot in or about 2 August 1684 conveyed to Samuel Lockett Elder known as Johnson's Choice". The transfer was acknowledged in open court by Samuel Lockett and Anne his wife in due form of law. The witnesses to the conveyance were Thomas Orrell and Ben White.

Children of Samuel and Anne Lockett

1. William Lockett married Charity Middleton. *q.v.*
2. Benjamin Lockett, *d.s.p.* 1750, naming brothers Thomas and Samuel, and mother.
3. Samuel Lockett.
4. Thomas Lockett married Mary Griffin. *q.v.*

In 1714 Samuel Lockett and John Beale were witnesses at the will of Thomas Lilley, of Charles County, who died without issue. Little else is known regarding his public or private life. He probably lived quietly on his farm near Port Tobacco and died intestate sometime before 1725. He apparently sustained financial reverses, consequently at his death his estate was negligible. What

existed was undoubtedly settled privately, inasmuch as no inventory was made of his personal estate nor were any administration papers issued to an administrator by the Perogative Court.

His widow was living as late as 1750, when she was named in the will of her unmarried son Benjamin. The latter, who was styled carpenter, dated his will April 3, 1750, it being proved in court on July 6, 1750, by John Robey, Elizabeth Cooper, and Elizabeth Lockett. He devised his brother Thomas whom he named as executor 50 acres of "manner land" adjoining the tract "Quick Dispatch", and various personalty. Other articles of personal property were bequeathed his mother (unnamed) and brother Samuel.

COLONEL WILLIAM LUCKETT, GENT.³

(1711 - 1783)

William Lockett, son of Samuel and Anne Lockett, was born about the year 1711, according to the 1776 census of Frederick County, and all circumstances point to the fact that the event occurred in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County.

About 1725 as an orphan he was placed under the care of James Middleton, of Charles County, by court orders to learn a profitable trade or profession. It was the custom of that day in Maryland to apprentice children whose paternal parent was deceased and whose estate was either insolvent or negligible with planters or merchants in order that the orphans may not become public charges. Thus, from the fact that William Lockett was taken from his mother is evidence that his father had lost his patrimony. In 1728 James Middleton was summoned by the

court and censured for "neglecting to teach William Lockett to read and write". He, however, later became quite proficient in letters, because many documents written by him and signed are still preserved at the court house of Frederick County.

The wife of William Lockett was Charity, born 1717, the daughter of John and Mary (Wheeler) Middleton, of Prince Georges County. In 1740 she and her husband were deeded by them for natural love and affection the tracts "Thomas and Mary" and "Wilson's Enlargement", containing 195 acres in Prince Georges County.

Children of William and Charity (Middleton) Lockett

1. Samuel Lockett, *d.s.p.* Fred. Co. Inventory June 9, 1777, Thomas H. Lockett, adm.; Simon Doyle and Leakin Dorsey, bondsmen.
2. William Lockett married Sarah Nelson. *q.v.*
3. Verlinda Lockett, born 1747, died spinster 1799.
4. John Lockett married Polly Ann ———. *q.v.*
5. Susannah Lockett married David Lockett. *q.v.*
6. Thomas Hussey Lockett married Elizabeth ———. *q.v.*
7. Anne Lockett.
8. Elizabeth Lockett married Thomas Offutt. *q.v.*
9. Mary Eleanor Lockett married Thomas Noland.
10. Levin Lockett married Letitia Peyton. *q.v.*

The material inheritance of William Lockett at majority was small, and this probably accounted for the fact that at manhood he settled on the frontier, then the western portion of Prince Georges County which was soon to be organized into the new county of Frederick. Here on the lower slopes of the Blue Ridge Mountains, unsurpassed in rich soil and beauty, he became a force in the community and one of the most outstanding subjects of

the Lord Proprietor. Before his death he had attained high military and civil honors and was the first of the Lucketts to gain any significant colonial importance.

He was in Charles County as late as July 7, 1733, because on that day he witnessed the will of Robert Robertson who made William Middleton the principal legatee. By the year 1748 he was well established in Frederick County and was the operator of a ferry to the Virginia shore of the Potomac. It was later operated by his son-in-law Thomas Noland.

It is interesting to note that many years later when the Maryland veterans of the Revolutionary War were making their applications for pensions, many in certifying to the details of their service stated that on the way to Yorktown as well as other Southern points they crossed the Potomac at Noland's Ferry, while a few referred to it as Luckett's Ferry.

It is believed that William Luckett was raised under the tenets of the Roman Catholic faith. It was the religion of the Middletons, and while no knowledge is existent of the belief of his parents, we do know that his brothers were members of the Romanish Church. Assuming that he were raised a Catholic, it is probable that the frontier was not conducive to the Church of Rome and being a liberal in thought, he adopted the Established Church—and it is also probable that no Catholic Chapel existed in Frederick County of his day and the acceptance of the English faith was through necessity. Then there is the expediency element. No Catholic could hold office, and as he was ambitious and undoubtedly possessed of acumen above many men of his day, he with reservations became a member of the Church of England. He was a vestryman

of All Saint's Parish, the mother church of Frederick County, and was closely identified with its growth and development.

He patented much land in western Maryland, his warrants being—"Conjuror's Disappointment" of 50 acres in 1764; "It May Be Good in Time", of 400 acres in 1767; "Lockett's Merry Midnight", of 595 acres in 1768; "Resurvey on Gleaming," of 108 acres in 1773; and "Hussey's Chance" of 484 acres in 1774. He maintained his seat, however, at "Meredith's His Hunting Quarter."

On May 6, 1751, William Lockett, of Frederick County, was bondsman for William Nichnow, the administrator of Edward Marlowe. On February 5, 1765, he appeared as the administrator of the estate of William Galford, when Samuel Swearingen and William Lockett, Jr., were his sureties.

William Lockett commanded a company of militia from Frederick County in the French and Indian Wars. One account shows his company in continuous active service for 30 days.¹ In the company were his eldest sons, William and Samuel, the latter acting as clerk to the outfit.

The following is a copy of a letter written during the French and Indian Wars, the original of which is now in the possession of a descendant.²

"By His Excellency Horatio Sharpe Esquire Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of Maryland. To Captain William Lockett Commander of a Company of the Militia of Frederick City:

You are as soon as possible after you Recruit hereof to march hither with the Company whereof You have

¹ Committee of Accounts of General Assembly, Manuscript in Md. His. Soc., Baltimore.

² Archives of Maryland, vol. 31, p. 292.

the Command. You are to bring with you Provisions enough to serve Your Company one Month and you are to Order every Man to bring a Blanket and as much Cloaths as he can have Occasion during that time.

(signed) HORATIO SHARPE.

Given at Fort Frederick
the 8th Day of July 1758".

Before the end of July Governor Sharpe in his correspondence referred to the "fine company" of Captain Luckett at Fort Frederick.

In addition to his military campaigns, William Luckett was for a number of years one of the magistrates of Frederick County, and is known as one of the "Twelve Immortal Justices" who repudiated the Stamp Act of November 23, 1765. The Frederick Chapter of the D. A. R. in 1904 commemorated the event by the placing of a bronze tablet in the County Court House in order that the twelve patriots may not be forgotten. They were, besides William Luckett, Thomas Beatty, Peter Bainbridge, Charles Jones, David Lynn, Thomas Price, James Dickson, William Blair, Samuel Beall, Josiah Beall, Andrew Heugh, and Joseph Smith.

From 1767 to 1771 William Luckett represented his hundred in the General Assembly of the Province which met at the State House in Annapolis.³

During the trying days prior to the American Revolution, he was most active in the cause of the Patriots and served on numerous committees and councils. In 1775 he held the rank of lieutenant colonel and was one of the senior officers in his part of Maryland in age as well as in service. He had weathered many a military campaign

³ Williams' History of Frederick County, vol. I, p. 600.

and had attained at least his sixtieth year. On August 8, 1776, he passed eleven men who had been enrolled by Lieutenant Clement Holliday for service.⁴ During the fall of 1777 he was in active service and as lieutenant colonel of the militia regiment of Colonel Baker Johnson, he was in continuous service for three months. He was actively engaged at the battle of Germantown.

At the creation of Montgomery County in 1777 out of the lower district of Frederick County, the dwelling-plantation of Colonel Luckett lay in the new county.

On April 10, 1778, he conveyed to John Max Nesbit, of Manheim, Pennsylvania, "It May Be Good in Time". Charity Luckett, his wife, waived all right of dower.

The following appears on the deed books of Montgomery County, as of June 27, 1781, and proves several connections. William Luckett and Charity his wife of Montgomery County, Middleton Marlowe and John Hawkins of Prince Georges County, conveyed to William Davis of Montgomery County . . . "whereas John Middleton, late of Frederick County, deceased, was possessed of 'Maiden Bower', of 100 acres, whereas he willed it to his three daughters, Charity Luckett wife of William Luckett, Anne wife of Raphael Marlow, and Sarah wife of Thomas Hawkins, and whereas Anne Marlowe, now deceased, was grandmother to Middleton Marlow and the said Sarah Hawkins, now deceased, was grandmother to John Hawkins and coheirs of John Middleton, deceased . . . "

The will of William Luckett was dated October 23, 1782, and probated in Montgomery County on January 17, 1783. He devised his son William "Wheeler's Hope"

⁴ Archives of Maryland, vol. 18, p. 49.

in Prince Georges County, John an island in the Potomac, and Thomas Hussey "Beall's Good Will". His dwelling-plantation "Meredith's Hunting Quarters" he devised to his son Levin. Various personalty was bequeathed to his daughters Verlinda, Susannah, Anne, Elizabeth, and Eleanor. His wife Charity and son Levin were named as executors.

According to the tax list of 1783, his widow Charity Luckett was seized of "Allison's Addition" of 144 acres in Sugarland Hundred of Montgomery County, with one frame dwelling house, one tobacco house, one log quarter, the estate being described as 35 miles from Georgetown. She was also seized of "Chance" of 145 acres and "Madaris His Hunting Quarter" of 498 acres, 250 of which were cleared, with one dwelling house, one stone house, one meat house, three tobacco houses, being 40 miles from Georgetown.

Their spinster daughter, Verlinda Luckett, joined her brothers in Loudon County, Virginia, where she died testate during 1799. She named her brother and sister David and Susannah Luckett; nephews William and Francis, sons of Levin Luckett; nephew Samuel Noland, son of John; and the following nieces and nephews all children of her sister Susannah Luckett—Juliet, Kitty, William Gassan, David Lawson, and Luther.

THOMAS LUCKETT ³

(1720 - 1797)

Thomas Luckett, son of Samuel and Anne Luckett, was born about 1720, in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. His wife was Mary, who shared in the will of her mother Sarah Griffin, of Charles County, during

1796. From the ages and marriages of his children, it can be concluded that Thomas wedded somewhat late in life.

Children of Thomas and Mary (Griffin) Luckett

1. Benjamin Luckett married Elizabeth Semmes. *q.v.*
2. Priscilla Luckett married Barton Robey, settled in Nelson Co., Ky.
3. Sarah Luckett married John Semmes, settled in Nelson Co., Ky.
4. Elizabeth Luckett married James Oldham.
5. Thomas Luckett married Mary ———. *q.v.*
6. Anne Luckett.
7. Verlinda Luckett married Joseph Osborn Robey, according to rites of Catholic Church, Feb. 22, 1797.
8. Hezekiah Luckett married Elizabeth ———. *q.v.*
9. Henry Luckett married Elizabeth Beaven. *q.v.*

Thomas Luckett maintained his seat in Upper Port Tobacco Hundred, where he was a tax payer in 1783, with the following tracts—"Quick Dispatch" of 15 acres with one good dwelling; "Semmes' Support" of 40 acres; "No Dispute" of 48 acres with one good dwelling; and "Luckett's Outlet" of 24 acres. These tracts were acquired during the Revolutionary War, inasmuch as up to the year 1774 Thomas Luckett paid no quit rents to the Lord Proprietor.

On May 16, 1770, Thomas Luckett and Benjamin Jameson were sureties for Elizabeth Kerrick, of Charles County, the administratrix of Hugh Kerrick. And on January 16, 1775, he and Philip Murray filed bond in the amount of £200 for Walter Gherrick, the administrator of Elizabeth Kerrick.

In 1778 Thomas Luckett took the Oath of Allegiance and Fidelity to the State of Maryland in Charles County,

his signature appearing on the list of "His Worshipful Robert Young Returns".⁵

According to the census of 1790, Thomas Luckett was the head of a family, he and another man being over the age of 16, 1 boy under 16, 6 females, and 11 slaves.

He died intestate in Charles County. His widow Mary was issued letters of administration, while the inventory of his personal estate, taken in April 1797, showed property given to his five children at the time of marriage, but since returned to the estate. The final account was rendered April 15, 1797, by his widow, and distributed to her and nine unnamed children. John Griffin and Thomas Luckett were the bondsmen.

On April 10, 1797, an indenture made in Charles County showed that Benjamin Luckett and Elizabeth his wife, Barton Robey and Priscilla his wife, John Semmes and Sarah his wife all of Nelson County, Kentucky, James Oldham and Elizabeth his wife, Thomas Luckett and Mary his wife, Anne Luckett, Joseph Osborne Robey and Valinda his wife, Hezekiah Luckett, and Henry Luckett, all of Charles County, Maryland, deeded to Elizabeth Keith, of Alexandria, Virginia, a tract of land in Charles County called "All Dispute", being a portion of Zachaiah Manor which by patent of November 30, 1797, had been granted to Benjamin Luckett, Elizabeth Oldham, Priscilla Robey, Thomas Luckett, Sarah Semmes, Anne Luckett, Valinda Luckett, Hezekiah Luckett, and Henry Luckett, heirs of Thomas Luckett. Hezekiah Luckett was given the power of attorney for the residents of Nelson County.

⁵ Unpub. Md. Records, vol. 5, p. 81, D. A. R. Library.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM LUCKETT ⁴

(1743 - 1820)

William Lockett, son of William and Charity (Middleton) Lockett, was born about the year 1743 in that part of Frederick County which later became Montgomery County. Before the Revolution he married Sarah, the daughter of Arthur and Lucy Nelson, of the same county. His father-in-law died in 1792, and by his will proved in Frederick County on January 24, of that year, he bequeathed property to his daughter Sarah Lockett and his grandson William Arthur Nelson Lockett. The will of Lucy Nelson, his mother-in-law, was admitted to probate on May 10, 1796, and among her heirs was her daughter Sarah Lockett.

Children of William and Sarah (Nelson) Lockett

1. Samuel Lockett married Rebecca Clapman. License Fred. Co., Dec. 22, 1806.
2. Nelson Lockett.* Major U. S. Light Dragoons, Jan. 20, 1813; Lieut.-Col., Aug. 1, 1813.
3. Lloyd Lockett married Henrietta Brengle. License Fred. Co., July 17, 1812.
4. Clarissa Harlow Lockett, spinster.
5. Serena Lockett, spinster.
6. Lucy Lockett married Ignatius Jamieson. License Fred. Co., Mar. 28, 1796.
7. Mountjoy Bayley Lockett, born 1789, died Baton Rouge, Feb. 26, 1812.
8. William Arthur Nelson Lockett.*

Note: John Roger Nelson Lockett was Captain, 2d U. S. Inf., War of 1812.

In young manhood William Lockett served under his father at Fort Frederick during the French and Indian

* It is not known whether they were the one or the same.

Wars.⁶ At the beginning of the American Revolution he was captain of the militia in the Lower District of Frederick County. For two months during 1777 he commanded a company of drafted militia from Frederick County and marched to New Jersey where he and his company were encamped most of the period. His services were certified by William Sargeant, formerly a private in his company, when the latter applied for a Revolutionary pension from Kentucky in 1834.

He served upon a number of committees during the conflict, one of which was the important Committee of Observation for Frederick County at the beginning of the war.⁷ Another committee was for the solicitation of arms and ammunition for the militia. On August 19, 1779, he was appointed to receive subscriptions for the defense of the State.⁸ And on November 7, 1779, he was commissioned a Judge of the Orphan's Court for Frederick County.⁹

On June 23, 1770, his father conveyed him the tract called "Lockett's Merry Midnight", at which time Charity his mother waived dower. In 1786 he instituted a resurvey on this tract and along with some waste land a new warrant was issued to him calling for 982 acres.

The will of William Lockett was dated October 1, 1817, and proved in Frederick County, Maryland, on May 26, 1820, by Thomas Hawkins, Henry Gross, and Charles Gross. He named his five surviving children—Samuel, Nelson, Lloyd, Clarissa Harlow, and Serena; grand-

⁶ Md. Hist. Mag., vol. 11, pp. 55, 63, 239, 307.

⁷ Md. Hist. Mag., vol. 11, pp. 55, 57, 66, 239.

⁸ Archives of Maryland, vol. 21, p. 499.

⁹ Archives of Maryland, vol. 42, p. 16.

children—Kitty, Joseph, William, and Benedict Jamieson; and his friend Peter Mantz.

On August 5, 1823, a bill of complaint was filed in the circuit court of Frederick County by Clarissa Luckett and Serena Luckett regarding the land which their brother Lloyd had mortgaged to John Nelson and which had been devised by their father William Luckett.

CAPTAIN JOHN LUCKETT ⁴

(1751 - 1793)

John Luckett, son of William and Charity (Middleton) Luckett, was born about 1751 in the Lower District of Frederick County. Sometime before the Revolution he married Molly Anne ———, born about 1755.

Children of John and Molly Anne Luckett

1. Philip Hussey Luckett, born 1775.
2. Samuel Noland Luckett married twice. *q.v.*
3. William Meroney Luckett.
4. John Middleton Luckett, M. D., born 1782, killed in duel at Louisville by George F. Strother.
5. Sarah Luckett.

At majority John Luckett removed to Loudon County, Virginia, where during the Revolution he commanded a militia company of that county and participated at the siege of Yorktown.¹⁰

According to the tax list of Sugar Land Hundred, Frederick County, Maryland, in 1783, John Luckett was seized of "Congor" and "Disappointment", 40 miles from Georgetown on which were located three log houses and

¹⁰ Pension Claim of Jacob Shade, S 6082.

two tobacco houses. On March 9, 1785, as a resident of Loudon County, Virginia, he deeded these tracts to Thomas Hussey Lockett. Molly Anne Lockett, his wife, waived her right of dower.

On October 17, 1787, he conveyed to Stephen Newton Chiswell, of Montgomery County, land known as "Accord", originally patented by William Cumming and James Edmondson, of Prince Georges County, and by them deeded to John Willcoxon who by will devised it to John Wilcoxon, alias Windsor, and by him conveyed to William Lockett.

The will of John Lockett was dated November 24, 1783, and admitted to probate in Loudon County, Virginia, on November 25, 1793. He named his wife Molly Anne; his four sons Phil Hussey, Samuel Noland, William Merony, and John Middleton; and his daughter Sally Lockett. His widow and brother Levin Lockett were appointed executors.

MAJOR THOMAS HUSSEY LUCKETT ⁴

(1750 - 1786)

Thomas Hussey Lockett, son of William and Charity (Middleton) Lockett, was born about 1750 in the Lower District of Frederick County, Maryland. His wife was Elizabeth ———.

Children of Thomas Hussey and Elizabeth Lockett

1. Otho H. W. Lockett married Elizabeth Graham. *q.v.*
2. Valentine Peyton Lockett; commissioned ensign 14 U. S. Inf., Mar. 12, 1812, 2d Lieut. 1st U. S. Inf. Light Dragoons, Oct. 9, 1812.
3. Lawson Lockett.
4. Thomas Hussey Lockett. *q.v.*

Thomas Hussey Lockett at the beginning of the Revolutionary War was a commissioned officer of the Frederick County militia, having been in service as early as 1775. On January 1, 1777, he was commissioned a captain of the Seventh Maryland-Virginia Regiment commanded by Colonel Rawlings. He was taken prisoner by the British and after having been detained in a prison camp, he was exchanged on October 28, 1780. He later rose to the rank of major and was in service as late as January 1, 1782. In 1781 he was listed as one of the Maryland supernumerary of the Rawlings' Rifle Regiment.¹¹

He was elected a charter member of the distinguished Society of the Cincinnati, but an untimely death prevented his taking an active part in the organization.

At the tax list for Montgomery County, Maryland, of 1783, Thomas Hussey Lockett was seized of 225 acres of "Beall's Goodwill" in Lingamore Hundred.

The will of Thomas Hussey Lockett was dated December 27, 1786, and proved on February 12, 1787, by Ans Campbell, Levin Lockett, Isaac Fouch, Jr., and Daniel Williams. His widow was named executrix with his friend Reason Davis, of Washington County, Maryland. She was devised the entire estate during widowhood. After her decease, his oldest son, Otho, was to receive the land bought of William Hough, of Montgomery County, Maryland, while his son, Valentine, was to receive the land bought from his brother John Lockett. Lawson was to inherit all the land purchased from the Commissioner of Confiscated British Property in Montgomery County, and a portion of "Concord". All of his sons were minors and he mentioned a fourth unbaptized son. At the pro-

¹¹ Archives of Maryland, vol. 18, pp. 365, 521, 616.

bation John Lockett and Thomas Noland were bondsmen for the executors.

His widow in Frederick County, Maryland, on May 8, 1805, conveyed to her son Otho H. W. Lockett, of Loudon County, Virginia, the tract called "Resurvey on Discord", and to her son Val P. Lockett, of Baltimore Town, she deeded "Georgia", both tracts lying in Montgomery County.

On May 11, 1812, Thomas Hussey Lockett, of Natchez, Mississippi, Lawson Lockett, of Washington County, Maryland, Elizabeth Lockett, Otho H. W. Lockett, and Val P. Lockett, the latter three of Frederick County, Maryland, conveyed to Abraham Jones "Resurvey on Beall's Good Will", which had been surveyed for Thomas Hussey Lockett, deceased. The wife of Otho H. W. Lockett waived her third.

After his death his son, Thomas Hussey Lockett, applied for bounty land in right of his father's services as major of the Maryland Line. At that time Samuel Clephane and William Nowland certified that he was "one of the legal representatives of Thomas Hussey Lockett, deceased, late officer in the Revolutionary Army". On April 8, 1816, the Government issued Bounty Land Warrant number 653 consisting of 400 acres to Thomas H. Lockett and other unnamed heirs.

His widow after residing in Frederick County, Maryland, joined her son in Jefferson County, Kentucky, where she died. Her will, dated February 20, 1817, was admitted to probate on May 12, 1817. She named her granddaughters—Elizabeth, Jane, Love, and Sarah Lockett; her sons Lawson and Thomas H. Lockett; and her "sister" Molly Ann Lockett.

On January 6, 1838, the State of Virginia granted his heirs 5,500 acres of land for his services in the American Revolution.¹²

Thomas Hussey Lockett, their son, spent most of his youth in Loudon County, Virginia. In 1812 one finds him at Natchez, Mississippi, but in 1825 he was back in Virginia and a resident of Fauquier County. From the latter place, declaring himself as the youngest son of Thomas Hussey Lockett and a minor at the latter's death, instituted action in the Maryland court of chancery against his brothers, Valentine and Otho, and Samuel Clapham and Daniel Trundle.

He declared that his father died seized of land in Montgomery County, Maryland,—the tract "Georgia" of 36 acres purchased from John Lockett; "Gleaming" of 104 acres; and "Resurvey on Discord" of 170 acres purchased from William Hough. Furthermore, he declared that his mother, Elizabeth Lockett, and the executrix of his father's estate lived in Frederick County and died about 1817. In 1805 she permitted her two sons, Valentine and Otho, to sell the lands to Samuel Clapham and Daniel Trundle, and consequently he being a minor at that time, his rights in his father's estate were violated.

At the time of the lawsuit, Samuel Clapham had died leaving a widow Elizabeth, of Virginia, but no children. Daniel Trundle had likewise died but left two daughters Mary Elizabeth the wife of Benjamin Shrive, Jr., and Anne the wife of Stephen White, of Montgomery County, Maryland.

The case was lengthy and was unsettled at his death on May 12, 1841. Letters of administration on his estate

¹² Burgess' *Virginia Soldiers*, vol. 2, p. 872.

were granted in Anne Arundel County, Maryland, to Richard W. Gill on March 6, 1843. No heirs of his body were mentioned among the papers.

LEVIN LUCKETT ⁴
(1762 - 1829)

Levin Lockett, son of William and Charity (Middleton) Lockett, was born December 20, 1762, in the lower district of Frederick County, Maryland. At maturity he settled in Loudon County, Virginia, where he married Letitia, the daughter of Francis and Frances (Dade) Peyton. Eleven children were born to this union, but the most outstanding were Alfred (*q.v.*) and Levin, Jr. (*q.v.*).

At the first available census for Virginia, that is, 1810, Levin Lockett was the only member of his family, with a residence in Loudon County. His plantation was stocked with twenty-one slaves.

On January 4, 1814, he conveyed to Andrew Clopper, of Baltimore County, Maryland, "Willet's Delay", which had been deeded him by Griffith Willet. Lettice Lockett, his wife, acknowledged the sale. On May 16, same year, he purchased from Charles Tyler, Jr., and Christian his wife land lying in Fauquier County. On December 26, 1821, he and his wife conveyed a lot in Middleburg, Virginia, to Reinard Mannhouse.

Levin Lockett died in Loudon County during 1829.

BENJAMIN LUCKETT ⁴

Benjamin Lockett, son of Thomas and Mary (Griffin) Lockett, was born in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. On January 10, 1790, he secured

license in Charles County to marry Elizabeth Semmes. In 1778, being above the age of 18 years, he took the oath of fidelity and allegiance to the State of Maryland in Charles County. His name is found upon the list of "His Worship Robert Young's Returns".¹³ According to the tax list of his county in 1783, he was not the owner of any realty. Before the year 1800 he settled in Nelson County, Kentucky. In that county of June 7, 1804, a Benjamin Lockett was issued license to wed Elizabeth Delahay.

THOMAS LUCKETT ⁴

Thomas Lockett, son of Thomas and Mary (Griffith) Lockett, was born in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. In 1783 he was of sufficient age to be taxable, but in that year he was seized of no realty. In 1797 he was living in Charles County with a wife Mary.

HEZEKIAH LUCKETT ⁴

(1774 - 18—)

Hezekiah Lockett, son of Thomas and Mary (Griffith) Lockett, was born about the year 1774 in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. In 1797 as a resident of his native county, he acted as attorney for his brothers and sisters of Nelson County, Kentucky.

In the early 1800's he was a member of that Catholic group which migrated from Maryland to Marion County, Kentucky. Among the families which joined in this movement were Alvey, Spalding, Mudd, Beaven, Mattingly,

¹³ Unp. Md. Records, D. A. R. Library, vol. 5, p. 81.

Abel, Edelen, Carrico, and Semmes—all old and staunch Roman Catholic families of Southern Maryland. One of their towns was named St. Mary's after the first settlement in their native State.

In 1815 Hezekiah Lockett was granted 55 acres of land on Pottenger's Creek, which was followed by 196 acres in 1816, and 300 acres in 1831, extending beyond the Washington County line into Nelson County.

At the census of 1850 Hezekiah Lockett was living on his farm in Marion County with his wife Elizabeth, aged 75 and born in Maryland, and Josephine Lennarts, aged 19 but born in Kentucky.

HENRY LUCKETT ⁴

(1777 - 18—)

Henry Lockett, son of Thomas and Mary (Griffith) Lockett, was born 1777 in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. He married Elizabeth Beaven, born about 1784 in Maryland. He joined his brother, Hezekiah, in the Catholic migration to Kentucky and settled in Marion County. At the census of 1850 he was living in District no. 2 of that county upon a farm owned by him, with his son John, born 1824 in Kentucky.

SAMUEL NOLAND LUCKETT ⁵

Samuel Noland Lockett, son of John and Molly Anne Lockett, was born in Montgomery County, Maryland, during or shortly after the Revolutionary War. He migrated to Jefferson County, Kentucky, and there on February 4, 1803, he married Patience Dorsey.*

* For the ancestry of Patience Dorsey, see "Anne Arundel Gentry", by Newman.

Children of Samuel and Patience (Dorsey) Lockett

1. Noland Lockett.

Patience died soon after the birth of her first child, thereupon Samuel Lockett married secondly on October 3, 1808, in Jefferson County, Catherine, born September 19, 1790, the daughter of John and Elizabeth (Whiting) Thurston.

Children of Samuel and Catherine (Thurston) Lockett

2. Elizabeth Lockett.
3. Thurston Lockett.
4. Alfred Lockett.
5. Philip Lockett.
6. Catherine Lockett.

OTHO HOLLAND WILLIAM LUCKETT ⁵

Otho Holland William Lockett, son of Thomas Hussey and Elizabeth Lockett, was born during the Revolutionary War and was named after General Williams of Washington County, who was no doubt his father's friend. His youth was spent in Virginia, and in Fauquier County on November 27, 1805, he negotiated a bond to marry Elizabeth C. Graham. Walter Graham was his surety.

At various times he lived after his marriage in both Maryland and Virginia, but sometime after 1812 he migrated to Ohio. In 1835, as the eldest son, and a resident of Chillicothe, he appointed Joseph S. Watkins, of Goochland County, Virginia, his attorney to establish bounty land from the State of Virginia by rights of his deceased father's services. The warrant was issued accord-

ingly to him on January 6, 1838. The papers showed that his father had died in Loudon County, Virginia, during December 1786, and that the only other heir mentioned was the youngest son, Thomas Hussey Lockett, then a resident of Texas.

ALFRED PEYTON LUCKETT ⁵

(1801 - 1853)

Alfred Peyton Lockett, son of Levin and Letitia (Peyton) Lockett, was born May 12, 1801, in Loudon County, Virginia. He migrated to Jefferson County, Kentucky, and settled upon lands devised him by his father. On February 1, 1827, he married Susan Evaline Hobbs. She was born June 18, 1809, in Jefferson County, the daughter of Basil Nicholson and Mary Anne (Dorsey) Hobbs, pioneer settlers of Kentucky and whose ancestry is connected with some of the most distinguished families of Maryland.* They established their seat at Anchorage, where their first ten children were born.

Children of Alfred and Susan (Hobbs) Lockett

1. Levin Lockett, born 1827, died 1877.
2. Evaline Hobbs Lockett, born 1829, died spinster 1875.
3. Basil Hobbs Lockett, born 1830.
4. Edward Lockett married Ann Murray. *q.v.*
5. John Huntley Lockett, born 1834, C. S. A., *d.s.p.*, 1905.
6. Robert Fenton Lockett, born 1836, C. S. A., killed in action Jan 1, 1862, *d.s.p.*
7. Alfred Peyton Lockett.
8. William Francis Lockett, born 1840, C. S. A., killed in action at Vicksburg, June 1864, *d.s.p.*

* For the history of the Dorsey family, see "Anne Arundel Gentry", by Newman.

9. Ludwell Daingerfield Lockett, born 1842, U. S. A., killed in action Oct. 8, 1862, at Perryville.
10. Thomas Dade Lockett married Maria Gracey. *q.v.*
11. Humphrey Lockett married Francis Haynie. *q.v.*
12. Henry Hatcher Lockett married Sedonia Odom. *q.v.*
13. Lou Sue Lockett, born Mar. 2, 1853, at St. Charles, Mo.; married June 20, 1871, at Galveston, to William Worth Moore, son of A. W. and Mary Collins (Miller) Moore, of Bastrop, Tex.; she died Mar. 13, 1915, at Staunton, Va., and interred at Galveston. Issue: Powell; William; and Lutie.

About 1842 Alfred Lockett and his young family removed to St. Charles County, Missouri, where the three youngest children were born. He died there on September 3, 1853, but was interred at the Hobbs private burying grounds at Anchorage, Kentucky. Shortly afterwards, his widow returned to her native State and settled at Middletown.

The widow died February 14, 1881, at Galveston and her remains were interred beside those of her deceased husband at Anchorage.

LEVIN LUCKETT ⁵

Levin Lockett, son of Levin and Letitia (Peyton) Lockett, was born in Loudon County, Virginia. His wife was Adaline Crain. Eight children were born to this union—two sons and six daughters. Robert Levin, one of the sons, married Angelique Marye (*q.v.*).

DR. EDWARD HOBBS LUCKETT ⁶

(1833 - 1903)

Edward Hobbs Lockett, son of Alfred and Susan (Hobbs) Lockett, was born January 3, 1833, in Jefferson County, Kentucky. On May 10, 1859, he was mar-

ried to Ann Hartley Murray, born September 6, 1837. He established his seat at Owensboro, Kentucky, where he practised the profession of medicine for a number of years, and where all of his eight children were born. He died there on February 4, 1903. His widow survived him several years and died at Washington, D. C., on November 18, 1920. William Stone Lockett, their youngest child was born in 1875 (*q.v.*).

THOMAS DADE LUCKETT, C. S. A. ⁶
(1843 - 1913)

Thomas Dade Lockett, son of Alfred and Susan (Hobbs) Lockett, was born 1843 at the parental estate Middleton in Jefferson County, Kentucky, and as a small child was carried by his parents to St. Charles County, Missouri. He returned to Kentucky with his mother after the death of his father. During the War between the States he served first as a private in the 10th Regiment of Partisan Rangers but later in Co. C, 3rd Kentucky Cavalry, C. S. A., under General John H. Morgan. He was captured with Morgan's men at Buffington Island in 1863, and for 18 months was incarcerated at Camp Douglas near Chicago. He was paroled in 1865 with General Basil Duke, of Alabama, and returned to his home in Kentucky.

On December 2, 1869, he married at Eddyville, Kentucky, Maria Tilford who was born December 16, 1843, the daughter of Matthew and Maria (Tilford) Gracey. Her paternal ancestry was of Pennsylvania colonial lineage, but her grandfather George Gracey came about 1804 to Kentucky and married Mary Patton whose father, James, in 1778 settled at Corn Island, near Louisville.

Children of Thomas and Maria (Gracey) Lockett

1. Mary Stacker Lockett married William Drane. *q.v.*
2. Gracey Hobbs Lockett married Edmonia Rankin. *q.v.*
3. Roberta Lockett, born Dec. 6, 1878, at Clarksville, Tenn., married Nov. 8, 1913, William Edward Baldwin, of Covington, Ky., and resides (1937) at Cleveland.

After the war Thomas Dade Lockett resided for a brief period in Owensboro, Kentucky, but later settled at Eddyville where he supervised the tobacco concern of Kerr-Clark & Co. In 1875 he removed to Clarksville, Tennessee, and formed a partnership with M. H. and L. R. Clark, tobaccoists, but after the dissolution of this firm he organized the Lockett Wake Tobacco Co., which maintained five factories in different parts of the South. The company was highly successful and maintained a large export trade with foreign countries. In 1909 these plants were consolidated into one large concern at Louisville, where at present (1937) the business is controlled by his son.

Thomas Dade Lockett was active in Confederate organizations after the war, was an original member of Forbes Bivouac at Clarksville, and served as their presiding officer for many years.

This branch of the Lockett family was consistent to the traditional and ancient faith of its forbears in old Maryland, where the Church of England was the State and only recognized faith. Thomas Dade Lockett served for many years as vestryman and senior warden of Trinity Episcopal Parish at Clarksville.

His estate at Clarksville was the center of the social and cultural life of that part of Tennessee and was presided over by his wife. She died there on June 18, 1910, and

was interred at Greenwood Cemetery. The death of Thomas Lockett occurred on May 24, 1913, and his remains were buried besides those of his wife.

Their eldest child, Mary Stacker Lockett, was born at Eddyville, Kentucky, on January 4, 1872, but as a young girl moved to Clarksville with her parents. Her early training, like most Southern girls of that day, was with private tutors, but later she attended Miss Belle Peers' Finishing School at Louisville.

On December 14, 1899, she married William McClure Drane, born May 23, 1866, in Clarksville, the son of William McClure and Amelia Washington (Haddox) Drane, early settlers of Clarksville. The paternal ancestors of Mr. Drane were of Maryland but had figured in the early settlement of Tennessee. He was graduated from the Southwestern Presbyterian University and was early engaged in banking, but later associated himself with the foundry and implement business. His death occurred suddenly on May 24, 1931.

Children of William and Mary (Lockett) Drane

1. Roberta Lockett Drane, born Mar. 11, 1911, attended Sweet Briar College and Vanderbilt Univ.; married Nov. 16, 1935, Hilliard Officer Wood, of Nashville.
2. William McClure Drane, born Oct. 4, 1912, B. A. Cum Laude, Vanderbilt Univ., '34.
3. Walter Harding Drane, born Feb. 18, 1915, B. A. Optime Merens, Univ. of the South, '35.

Mary (Lockett) Drane is a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution as well as the Colonial Dames of Tennessee through the Maryland services of her ancestor, Colonel William Lockett, of Frederick Town. She maintains (1937) her residence at Clarksville.

HUMPHREY POWELL LUCKETT ⁶

(1846 - 1925)

Humphrey Powell Lockett, son of Alfred and Susan (Hobbs) Lockett, was born May 26, 1846, in St. Charles County, Missouri. On June 28, 1869, at Austin, Texas, he married Frances Travis Haynie, daughter of Dr. S. G. and Hannah Marie (Evans) Haynie, of Austin. He, as a doctor of medicine, practiced his profession at Bastrop, Texas. He died there on October 25, 1925; his widow died during February 1930. Five sons were born to this union, but the most outstanding was William Henry (*q.v.*).

HENRY HATCHER LUCKETT ⁶

(1848 - 1923)

Henry Hatcher Lockett, son of Alfred and Susan (Hobbs) Lockett, was born June 6, 1848, at St. Charles County, Missouri. On January 1, 1879, at Brownwood, Texas, he was married to Sedonia Catherine Odom who was born April 6, 1850, at Birmingham, Alabama. Three children were born to this union, Alfred Powell Lockett (*q.v.*) being the youngest. He died at his residence in Ballinger, Texas, on January 29, 1923; his widow died there on February 8, 1936.

Lousue Evelyn Lockett, their only daughter, was born June 6, 1881, at Fort Chadbourne, Texas. She married Charles P. Shepherd, a native of Salisbury, Missouri, who was born February 28, 1874. Only one child—Lousue Evelyn—was the result of this union, and was born at Ballinger, Texas, on September 27, 1909.

On June 15, 1934, at Ballinger, Lousue Evelyn Shepherd married Howard S. Parker who was born March 12,

1899, at Trenton, Texas. Their daughter—Lousue Katherine Parker—was born at Fort Worth, Texas, on April 24, 1937, and is ninth in descent from Samuel Lockett, the Emigrant, and his youngest known descendant at the publication of these chronicles.

ROBERT LEVIN LUCKETT ⁶

Robert Levin Lockett, son of Levin and Adaline (Crain) Lockett, married Angelique Marye. They became the parents of five sons and five daughters. Among the daughters were:

1. Cora Mary Lockett married James W. Alexander.
2. Mary Elizabeth Lockett married Thomas P. Wheadon.
3. Marsolina Eugenia Lockett married Howard Gist.

Marsolina Eugenia, daughter of Robert, married Howard Battle Gist, born in White County, Arkansas, the son of Louis Byron and Martha (Battle) Gist, and a scion of an early colonial family which has been identified with the development of America for several centuries. She is a Colonial Dame through her ancestor, Colonel William Lockett, and maintains her residence at Alexandria, Louisiana. To her and her husband was born one son—Howard II—at present (1937) a student at Washington and Lee University.

DR. WILLIAM HENRY LUCKETT ⁷

(1872 - 1925)

William Henry Lockett, son of Humphrey and Frances (Haynie) Lockett, was born November 22, 1872, at Bastrop, Texas. He adopted the profession of his father, but studied at Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College

before he pursued medicine at the Universty of Virginia. On October 23, 1896, in New York City, where he was a practising physician for a number of years, he married Florence H. Field, a native of San Francisco, the daughter of John and Helen (Jordan) Field. Only one child—Frances—was born to this union.

At the beginning of the World War, William Henry Lockett was commissioned a captain of the Medical Corps and served in France for 14 months as a surgeon with the First Division, Field Hospital no. 12. He was cited for heroic services at the battle of Soisson, being 60 hours on his feet at the temporary hospital in the Chateau Pierrepont. He died July 20, 1929.

Frances, the only child, was born June 23, 1899, in New York City. On January 30, 1926, in New York City, she was married to John Caldwell Corliss Gardiner, a graduate of Cornell University. He was born July 7, 1893, at Troy, New York, the son of William Ray Gardiner, of Washington, Indiana, and Helen Corliss his wife, of Troy, New York.

Two daughters were born—Jean Florence, born May 3, 1927, and Joan Corliss, born April 16, 1929—both at New York City.

Mr. Gardiner with his family resides (1937) in Washington, D. C.

ALFRED POWELL LUCKETT ⁷

Alfred Powell Lockett, the third and youngest child of Henry Hatcher and Sedonia (Odom) Lockett, was born March 7, 1883, at Fort Chadbourne, Texas. On October 17, 1917, he married Bertha Rasbury, of Ballenger, Texas, who became the mother of his two children—

Alfred Edgar, born February 22, 1921, and Lucile, born January 20, 1924. Mr. Lockett maintains his home (1937) at San Angelo, Texas, where he is one of the outstanding business men of that community

WILLIAM STONE LUCKETT ⁷

William Stone Lockett, son of Edward Hobbs and Ann Hartley (Murray) Lockett, was born in Kentucky on April 24, 1875. He was married on November 1, 1901, to Marianne Eagler, who was born in the year 1876, at Yelvington, Kentucky. They are at present (1937) residents of New York City, where Mr. Lockett is connected with various tobacco interests.

Children of William Stone and Marianne (Eagler) Lockett

1. Katharine Hartley Lockett, born Dec. 17, 1902, married Nov. 27, 1926, Albert Shaw. Issue: Marianna Lockett, born Aug. 24, 1928; Albert, born June 25, 1903; and Edward Lockett, born Apr. 16, 1936.
2. Edward Hobbs Lockett, born Apr. 1, 1904, married Oct. 9, 1929, Mary Gardner Sayles, born Jan. 17, 1907. Issue: William Stone, born Sept. 10, 1931; Mary Kingman, born Nov. 12, 1933; and Nina Katherine, born Oct. 21, 1936.

GRACEY HOBBS LUCKETT ⁷

Gracey Hobbs Lockett, son of Thomas Dade and Maria (Gracey) Lockett, was born April 28, 1877, at Clarksville, Tennessee. He was graduated from the Southwestern Presbyterian University at Clarksville and subsequently established himself at Louisville where he became identified with his father's tobacco interests. Upon

the death of his father in 1913 he became president of the establishment.

On November 6, 1907, he married Edmonia Rankin, born November 8, 1878, of Henderson, Kentucky.

Children of Gracey and Edmonia (Rankin) Lockett

1. Thomas Dade Lockett, born Nov. 4, 1908, educated at Hill's School of Pottstown, Pa., and graduated from Chicago School of Fine Arts.
2. Edwin Rankin Lockett, born Nov. 15, 1910.
3. Frances Grinter Lockett, born Dec. 20, 1912, married Apr. 9, 1935, Carlisle Allen Bethel, of N. Y.
4. Gracey Hobbs Lockett (dau.), born May 2, 1918.

THOMAS LUCKETT ²
AND
HIS DESCENDANTS

Thomas Lockett, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Hussey) Lockett, was born August 12, 1688, at the head of Port Tobacco Creek, Charles County. His wife was Sarah, presumably a scion of the Catholic family of Boone in Charles County. Two sons have been placed—John Boone and Samuel (*q.v.*). That there were other children is probable.

Thomas Lockett died intestate, and in accordance with the customs of the times, letters of administration were issued to his widow Sarah Lockett. On August 14, 1734, William Middleton and William Hagan exhibited bond in court. His brothers, Ignatius Lockett and Thomas Hussey Lockett, as the kinsmen, certified on December 3, 1734, to the inventory appraised at £104/5/9, by James Middleton. By 1737 his widow had married William Semmes.

JOHN BOONE LUCKETT ³
(17— - 1794)

John Boone Lockett, son of Thomas and Sarah Lockett, was born in Charles County, Maryland. His wife was Martha ———, and one child—Fielder—has been proved.

John Boone Lockett after the death of his father settled in Prince William County, Virginia. There on April 29, 1789, with his wife Martha, he conveyed to William Carr for the consideration of £80 land lying on Quantico Creek. This land was apparently that which his grandfather, Samuel Lockett, in 1705, willed to his son Thomas which was described as 500 acres.

The will of John Boone Lockett was proved in Prince William County, Virginia, on January 8, 1794, by Clement Woodward, Fanny Woodward, Tracy Crisman, and John Hedges. He willed that his estate be divided among his "children" by his wife Martha, the division to be made by his son, Fielder, at his coming of age.

From the above, other children are inferred. No other Lockett wills were proved in Prince William County prior to 1877.

SAMUEL LUCKETT ³

Samuel Lockett, son of Thomas and Sarah Lockett, was born in Charles County, Maryland. He was of age in 1768, when he described himself as Samuel Lockett, Jr., of Prince Georges County, Maryland, and deeded to Daniel Payne, Gent., of Prince William County, Virginia, for 5 shillings the interest he claimed by the will of his grandfather (unnamed) and recovered by John Graham. This interest most likely referred to the Virginia land which Samuel Lockett, the emigrant, willed to his son, Thomas, in 1704.

Samuel Lockett was back in Charles County in 1778 and took the oath of allegiance and fidelity to the State of Maryland, his signature appearing on the list of "His Worshipfull Warren Dent's Returns".¹

In 1790 he settled in Prince William County, Virginia, as is noted from the following court record, dated October 16, 1792. "Samuel Lockett made oath that on the 19th instant he brought from Maryland into this county the negro Charity which although he himself and family hath

¹ Unpublished Maryland Records, vol. 5, p. 67, D. A. R. Library.

been removed into this county for near two years yet he never removed the negro”.

Very little is known further about his life. No other record exists of his domicile in Virginia, so it is believed that he migrated to Kentucky with his son—Samuel—(*q.v.*) whom one finds in Franklin County, Kentucky, at the 1820 census.

SAMUEL LUCKETT ⁴

(176— - 182—)

Samuel Luckett, son of Samuel, was born in Maryland. The census schedule for 1820 indicates that his birth occurred sometime between 1760 and 1770. Before 1786 he married Susannah ———, born 1768, apparently in Maryland, inasmuch as the oldest children were born in that State. A number of children were born to this union, eight having been proved. Benjamin (*q.v.*) was presumably the oldest.

Samuel Luckett with his family settled in Kentucky prior to 1805, but he was not domiciled in Franklin County until sometime after 1810. At the 1820 census he appeared as the head of a family there for the first time, but he was not listed as such in 1830. According to record, his widow Susannah Luckett died July 10, 1833, aged 65, from the effects of cholera.

BENJAMIN L. LUCKETT ⁵

(1787 - 1866)

Benjamin L. Luckett, son of Samuel and Susannah Luckett, was born 1787 in Maryland, according to his own statement. On July 15, 1814, he secured license in Frank-

lin County, Kentucky, to marry Catherine Holton, born about 1792, with John A. Holton, as bondsman. At the 1850 census Benjamin Lockett was the county jailer; the following children were at home:

1. Mary E. Lockett, born 1821, who married Bazel G. Smith, on July 9, 1851, according to license.
2. Anne Lockett, born 1833.
3. John T. Lockett, born 1826.

Benjamin Lockett died in Franklin County during 1866.

IGNATIUS LUCKETT, GENT.²
AND
HIS DESCENDANTS

Ignatius Lockett, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Hussey) Lockett, was born January 30, 1689, according to court record, at the head of Port Tobacco Creek, Charles County, Maryland. His baptismal name is not only a well known Catholic one, but was popular among the Romanish families of Southern Maryland. It was undoubtedly given him as a tribute to Ignatius Matthews, a step-brother to his mother. He married Jane ———.

Children of Ignatius and Jane Lockett

1. Ignatius Lockett married Margaret ———. *q.v.*
2. Samuel Lockett married twice. *q.v.*
3. William Lockett married Susannah ———. *q.v.*
4. John Lockett married Eleanor Maddox. *q.v.*
5. Elizabeth Lockett.
6. Anne Lockett.
7. Charity Lockett.
8. Thomas Hussey Lockett. *q.v.*
9. Notley Lockett. *q.v.*

Ignatius Lockett on March 10, 1714, purchased from Michael Ashford, of Stafford County, Virginia, for 7,000 pounds of tobacco the tract known as "Moore's Ditch", lying on the west side of Zachiah Swamp and adjoining the land of George and Robert Goodrick. On October 7, 1731, he purchased from Thomas Morris, Carpenter, of Charles County, and Sophia his wife for 3,000 pounds of tobacco a moyety or half interest in the tract "Small Hopes" lying on the west side of the Wicomico River. The deed of conveyance was witnessed by Robert Hanson and Henry Hawkins. In 1732 Ignatius Lockett patented the tract "Lockett's Level".

The will of Ignatius Lockett was dated March 29, 1735, and proved in Charles County on April 16, 1735, by Francis Goodrick, John Hanson, and Thomas Hussey Lockett. He named his wife Jane, the executrix, and devised her 250 acres of "Moore's Ditch" during life then to their son Ignatius II. Samuel was devised the residue of the above-named tract, it being 250 acres. William and John were willed jointly 100 acres of "Lockett's Level", 100 acres of "Square Adventure", 50 acres of "Small Hope", also the interest in 200 acres of land which the testator held bond of his father-in-law (step-father) John Hanson. Thomas Hussey was bequeathed £60 for the purchase of land. Elizabeth, Anne, and Charity were all bequeathed personalty. One-third of the personal estate was bequeathed to his wife, with the residue being divided among his eight children.

In May 1735, an inventory of the personal effects was made, with John Hanson, Jr., and Thomas Hussey Lockett signing as the kinsmen. John Williams, of Prince Georges County, and Thomas Hawkins, of Charles County, were the sureties for the widow and executrix, Jane Lockett.

The widow of Ignatius Lockett lived many years after his death. From 1753 to 1755 she paid quit rent on 196 acres of "Montague Addition" and "Montague Mountains", and 54 acres of "Lockett's Addition", but in 1755 her son, Ignatius, assumed the rents on these tracts while she paid the rents on 250 acres of "Moore's Ditch" and continued to do so until 1772.

She negotiated her will in April 1765, bequeathing her entire estate to her son Notley. The instrument was not admitted for probate in Charles County until April 7, 1775.

IGNATIUS LUCKETT, GENT.³

(17— - 1783)

Ignatius Lockett, son of Ignatius and Jane Lockett, was born in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. Before 1749 he had married Margaret, the daughter of Janet Westman-Freeman-Kinsman. In this year Janet Freeman for natural love and affection deeded negroes and other personal property to her daughters Margaret Lockett and Anne Weston (sometimes spelled Westmer and Westman). The gift was witnessed by John Hamill, Henry Martin, and Holland Middleton.

The parents of Janet, the mother-in-law of Ignatius Lockett, have not been identified, but from circumstances it looks as if she acquired four husbands. In 1744 she was the widow of Arthur Westmer, of Charles County, and it is highly probable that her daughter Margaret was of a marriage prior to this union.

The estate of Arthur Westmer, late of Charles County, was closed on May 10, 1744, by James Freeman who had married "Jennet the relict and administratrix". The account showed a balance of £254/7/10, with receipts from Samuel Lockett and Hussey Lockett, and disbursements to Samuel Lockett and Elizabeth Lockett. Ledstone Smallwood and Henry Martin were the sureties for the administrators. And the balance was distributed to the widow and daughter Anne Westman. Inasmuch as Margaret, the daughter of Jennet, was not an heir, it indicates that she was either born prior to the marriage with Westman or born to the union with James Freeman. And the latter is highly improbable, because by 1749 Margaret was married to Ignatius Lockett and the estate of Arthur Westman was closed as late as 1744.

James Freeman died prior to August 2, 1748, for on that date an inventory of his personal estate was made and appraised at £111/8/0, by Francis Ware and William Theobald. Barton Hatton signed as kinsman, and Gustavus Brown and Mungo Muschet were the greatest creditors.

The widow soon married John Kinsman who rendered an account on March 20, 1750. The account showed a disbursement to "Anne Westman being her share of the estate of Arthur Westman" and "money due from the deceased to Margaret McCane, deed of gift executed by Jane Westman before her marriage with the deceased". From this entry it looks as if Mrs. Margaret Lockett were born Margaret McCane, and was receiving a share of her father's estate. John Hamill and Ledstone Smallwood were bondsmen for John Kinsman and his wife Janet.

John Kinsman died without issue in 1760 and willed his entire estate to his widow, Jane, who was to dispose of it at her decease to her children and grandchildren, but in the event of her remarriage, her husband was not to enjoy any part of the estate. The will was witnessed by Notley Lockett. Letters of administration on his estate were issued to his widow on December 19, 1760, with Ignatius Lockett and Thomas Hussey Lockett, Jr., as her bondsmen.

On December 19, 1767, Janet Kinsman deeded to John Minor, of John, of Fairfax County, Virginia, for the consideration of £300 lots 39 and 40 in Port Tobacco Town, being portions of "Collen's Neglect". At the same time she deeded lott 38 to Jane Sanford Minor, daughter of John Minor of Fairfax County. The transfers were

witnessed by Joseph Hanson Harrison and Josias Hawkins.

Jane Kinsman ultimately settled in Fairfax County, Virginia, where her will was probated on June 18, 1774, having been made on November 8, preceding. She bequeathed to her granddaughter Marcia Minor at marriage a negro then in the possession of Ignatius Luckett "my son-in-law", and to her granddaughter Jane Minor "sister to the above" negroes. To Eleanor and Mary Anne Luckett, daughters of Ignatius Luckett, she willed various articles of personal property. The "large oval table and the beautiful large corner cubbard now in the mansion house at Port Tobacco unto my son-in-law John Minor". Other personalty were left to her sons-in-law Ignatius Luckett and John Minor whom she named as executors.

Letters of administration were issued to Ignatius Luckett on July 19, 1774, when James Mudd and Francis B. Franklin presented bond.

The children of Ignatius Luckett by his wife Margaret were as follows:

1. Jannet Luckett married ——— Posey and ——— Maddox.
2. Mary Anne Luckett married William Kennedy.
Issue: William.
3. Elizabeth Luckett married Ozgood Offutt.
4. Samuel Luckett married twice. *q.v.*
5. Lawson Luckett, *d.s.p.* 1795, Chas. Co., naming mother Margaret and willing brother Ignatius "Luckett's Addition" and "Luckett's Hazard".
6. David Luckett married Susannah Luckett. *q.v.*
7. Ignatius Luckett married Anne Clarke. *q.v.*
8. Eleanor Luckett.

Ignatius Luckett negotiated three land patents during his lifetime—"Luckett's Hazard" in 1759, "Chance" in 1764, and "Slip" in 1769.

On March 18, 1754, Ignatius Lockett, Gent., conveyed to Thomas Hussey Lockett, Jr., a moyety of "Moore's Ditch" on the east side of Port Tobacco Creek, which by the last will and testament of Ignatius Lockett was devised to his wife Jane, now his relict during life. Margaret Lockett, wife, relinquished her third, while George Dent and Richard Edelen witnessed the conveyance.

On October 27, 1770, Ignatius Lockett deeded to Edward Scott Ware, Gent., of Charles County, "Lockett's Level" lying on the east side of Port Tobacco Creek and "Small Hope" on the Wicomico River. On May 8, 1773, he deeded to Charles Sewell for £71 "Square Adventure" of Port Tobacco Parish, and a portion of "Small Hope".

At the settlement of the estate of William Douglas in 1771, it was shown that Ignatius Lockett and John Speake were sureties for the administrator Bulcher Franklin.

At the beginning of the Revolutionary War, Ignatius Lockett was one of the inspectors at the tobacco warehouse of Chickamuxon which was situated on the land of Colonel William Smallwood, of Durham Parish.

In 1778 Ignatius Lockett took the Oath of Fidelity and Allegiance to the State of Maryland in Charles County, his name appearing upon "His Worshipful Walter Hanson's Returns".¹

The will of Ignatius Lockett was dated December 13, 1782, and proved June 11, 1783, in Charles County. He named his sons Lawson, Samuel, and David; and his daughters Jannet Posey, Mary Anne Lockett, and Elizabeth Lockett. The inventory of his personal estate was filed in court on August 12, 1783, with his widow Mar-

¹ Unpublished Maryland Records, D. A. R. Library, vol. 5, p. 2.

garet Luckett as administratrix. His son Samuel Luckett signed as kinsman.

In 1787 the widow and her two sons—Lawson and David—were members of the Episcopal Church and parishers of Old Durham Parish at Nanjemoy.

The will of his widow, Margaret Luckett, was dated August 25, 1800, and proved in Charles County on December 1, 1800. She bequeathed to her grandson, David Lawson Luckett, son of David, of Montgomery County, the land she received from her son, Lawson. All negroes over 25 years were given their freedom and those under that age were to be freed at the attainment of 25 years.

She named three daughters; Janet Maddox of South Carolina and the latter's daughters Peggy Maddox and Marsha Maddox; her daughter Mary Anne Kennedy of Charles County; and her daughter Elizabeth Offutt of Montgomery County. She also devised property to two granddaughters, Peggy Swansted of Calvert County and Lucy Luckett. She exonerated her son, Samuel, against all claims and left him five shillings. The executors were her sons-in-law, so named, Ozgood Offutt and William Kennedy.

SAMUEL LUCKETT ³

Samuel Luckett, son of Ignatius and Jane Luckett, was born in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. He married Elizabeth, the widow of John Hobson. On May 18, 1743, the judge of the Perogative Court passed the account of Samuel Luckett and Elizabeth his wife, executors of John Hobson.

After the death of his father, some doubts existed over the ownership of "Moore's Ditch". Consequently on November 8, 1738, John Hanson and Elizabeth his wife for 10,000 pounds of tobacco relinquished all interest in the tract to Jane Lockett, widow of Ignatius, Sr., and to Samuel and Ignatius Lockett, son of Ignatius, Sr. A portion of the conveyance read "... whereas some doubts have arisen that the said John Hanson and Elizabeth his wife may have some rights to the said tract (Moore's Ditch of 500 acres) and in order to remove doubts for 10,000 pounds of tobacco . . .".

In 1745 Samuel Lockett with Henry Moore and James Carroll was surety for Henry Barnes, Jr., the administrator of Henry Moore.

On September 28, 1745, Samuel Lockett sold to John Muschett, Merchant, lott 28 in Charlestown "taken up by Archibald Campbell and Ignatius Lockett father of the said Samuel". The conveyance was witnessed by Thomas Stone and William Middleton, and at the same time Elizabeth Lockett, wife, waived her dower.

On October 9, 1752, he was described as Samuel Lockett, Jr., Innholder, when he conveyed a portion of "Moore's Ditch" to George Clarke, of Charles County. It is noted that at this conveyance no wife waived her third.

In 1753 Samuel Lockett paid quit rent on "Hall's Lott", of 112 acres and is the only record of a Samuel Lockett, of Charles County, remitting rents according to the Debt Books.

On September 6, 1757, a Samuel Lockett, Gent., purchased from John Kybert, Gent., "Kybert's Admentment", lying on the south side of Burditt's Creek in

Charles County, containing 50 acres with improvement. Peculiarly, rents on this tract were not paid by any members of the Lockett family, according to searches in the Debt Books.

WILLIAM LUCKETT ⁸

(17— - 1759)

William Lockett, son of Ignatius and Jane Lockett, was born in Charles County, Maryland. His wife was Susannah ———. Only one child—Samuel—has been proved. (*q.v.*)

On March 29, 1738, he and his brother John, both described in the deed as sons of Ignatius Lockett, deceased, and residents of Charles County, purchased from John Hanson, Gent., for the sum of £60 "Hussey's Addition" which had been resurveyed under the name of "Green Land", in the woods at the west side of the head of Port Tobacco Creek. Elizabeth Hanson, the wife of John, waived her dower rights, at which time Robert Hanson and Samuel Hanson, Jr., witnessed the transfer.

On August 16, 1751, William Lockett, described as "Planter of Charles County" sold his portion of the above-named tract to his brother John Lockett for a consideration of £100. Susannah Lockett, his wife, acknowledged the conveyance, while Thomas Stone and Walter Hanson witnessed the transfer.

In 1753 William Lockett paid quit rents on "Small Hope", of 51 acres, "Square Adventure", of 100 acres, and "Lockett's Level", of 100 acres. Rents were regularly remitted under his name until 1763, when in that year and continuing to 1773 they were paid under the tenant of "heirs of William Lockett".

In 1754 William Lockett and Thomas Smoot, Jr., both of Charles County, were sureties for Francis Ware, the executor of Francis Ware, to the bond of £1,000.

William Lockett died intestate. In 1759 the inventory of his personal effects was taken and appraised at £122/12/4. Letters of administration had been issued to Susannah Lockett, the widow and administratrix, on February 15, 1759, when Francis Ware and Thomas Hussey Lockett, Jr., exhibited bond. John Lockett and Thomas Hussey Lockett signed the papers as next of kin.

By June 1764, his widow had become the wife of Cornelius Maddox who completed the administration. The balance of £137/18/10 showed no distribution to the heirs.

JOHN LUCKETT³

John Lockett, son of Ignatius and Jane Lockett, was born in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. His wife was Eleanor, the daughter of Walter and Elizabeth Maddox. She and her sister, Phoebe Brown, signed the inventory as "next of kin" of their deceased father's estate in July 1778, and she shared in the final distribution in February 1779. Furthermore, in May 1778, she signed the inventory of the estate of her deceased brother—Walter Maddox, Jr.

Only one child of John and Eleanor has been proved, that is, Ignatius. (*q.v.*)

On March 29, 1738, John Lockett and his brother William bought "Hussey's Addition" or "Green Land" from their grandmother and her husband, John Hanson.

On March 14, 1750, as John Lockett, of Charles County, Planter, he conveyed to William Lockett, for 1,000 pounds of tobacco "Square Adventure", lying on

the northwest branch of Zachia Swamp, formerly surveyed for George Goodrick, and "Lockett's Level" on Port Tobacco Creek, adjoining the land of Francis Goodrick, and "Small Hope" on the west side of Wicomico River as laid out for Henry Moore on August 3, 1665. Eleanor Lockett, his wife, waived all dower rights, while Thomas Stone and Robert Yates witnessed the transaction.

John Lockett paid quit rents on 200 acres of "Greenland" through the year 1762, but after that year his name no longer appeared on the Debt Books.

John Lockett was not the head of a family in Charles County according to the first census. No administration nor settlement of his estate has been found in Charles County.

THOMAS HUSSEY LUCKETT ³

(17— - 1800)

Thomas Hussey Lockett, son of Ignatius and Jane Lockett, was born in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. The name of his wife is an unsettled problem, and it is not improbable to assume that there was more than one. He mentioned an Elizabeth Douglas, the aunt to his son, John Douglas Lockett, and from this remark it indicates an alliance with the prominent Douglas family of Charles County.

Children of Thomas Hussey Lockett

1. John Douglas Lockett.
2. Thomas Lockett married Elizabeth Wickliff. *q.v.*
3. William Lockett married Nancy Edington. License Mar. 31, 1809, Fau. Co., Va.
4. Richard Lockett married Catherine Kenner. License Apr. 12, 1819, Fau. Co., Va.

5. Chloe Lockett married Johnze Tongue.
6. Eleanor Lockett married ——— Cox.
7. Nancy Lockett married Daniel O'Rea. License Oct. 26, 1801, Fau. Co., Va.
8. Mary Lockett married Edwin Young. License Apr. 28, 1800, Fau. Co., Va.
9. Ignatius Lockett married Janney Wickliffe. *q.v.*

On March 18, 1754, Thomas Hussey Lockett, Jr., conveyed to Ignatius Lockett "Montague's Mount" and "Montague's Addition", containing 250 acres, which were adjacent to "Lockett's Addition". No wife waived dower.

His name first appeared upon the Debt Books of Charles County in 1763, when he remitted quit rents on 44 acres of "Lockett's Benefit", and continued to do so until the Revolutionary War. After the death of his mother, he inherited "Moore's Ditch", and thus assumed the rents for this tract.

At the tax list for 1783 he was seized of 302 acres of "Moore's Ditch" and "Lockett's Benefit", lying in Port Tobacco Lower Hundred.

Thomas Hussey Lockett manifested his allegiance to the cause of the Colonies during the Revolutionary War and took the Oath of Fidelity in Charles County. His name appears upon the list of the "His Worshipful Walter Hanson's Returns".⁴

About 1789 Thomas Hussey Lockett left the scene of his childhood and settled in Fauquier County, Virginia. It was recorded in 1798 that on December 29, 1789, Thomas Hussey Lockett and James Cox "who were formerly inhabitants of the State of Maryland who did remove from thence removed certain negroes from Maryland to Virginia to the land purchased from Nathaniel

⁴ Unp. Md. Records, D. A. R. Library, vol. 3, p. 5.

Ashby". Seven slaves were brought by Lockett and five by Cox.

On January 25, 1790, Thomas Hussey Lockett purchased from Nathaniel Ashby and Peggy his wife, of Frederick County, Virginia, 321 acres of land which John Manzy, of Fauquier County, deceased, had willed to his daughter Peggy, "now Peggy Ashby". In 1791 he purchased additional land.

The will of Thomas Hussey Lockett was dated January 6, 1800, and probated in Fauquier County, Virginia, on January 27, 1800, by Daniel O'Near, David Wickliff, John Peters, and Samuel Cave. His heirs were sons Thomas Hussey, John Douglas, Thomas, William, Richard, and Ignatius; daughters Chloe Tounge, Eleanor Cox, Nancy Lockett, and Mary Lockett. His two single daughters were devised 107 acres of land and equal portions of the dwelling house. Ignatius also received 107 acres of land. The executors so named were his son Ignatius, James Cox, and Joshua Tounge who were also named the guardians of his minor children—Nancy, Mary, William, and Richard. He also mentioned Elizabeth Douglas, the aunt to his son, John Douglas Lockett.

NOTLEY LUCKETT ³

Notley Lockett, son of Ignatius and Jane Lockett, was born about 1735 in Charles County, Maryland. On October 25, 1758, he witnessed the will of John Kinsman. On March 2, 1775, he with Joseph Pickerell was surety for Samuel Lockett, Jr., the administrator of Margaret Barney.

In 1775 Notley Lockett inherited the entire estate of his mother Jane Lockett, according to her will dated

April 14, 1765. In 1778 he took the oath of allegiance and fidelity in Charles County before Daniel Jenifer, and made his mark.⁵ He also served as a private in Captain Walter Hanson's Company of Charles County Militia.⁶

In 1783 Notley Luckett was seized of 6½ acres of "Luckett's Venture", according to the tax list, which had been patented by him. In 1790 Notley Luckett was the head of a family with 5 males under the age of 16, 1 female, and 1 slave.

LIEUTENANT SAMUEL LUCKETT ⁴

(1756 - 1828)

Samuel Luckett, son of Ignatius and Margaret Luckett, was born, June 12, 1756, in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. Before 1775 he married Monica, the daughter of Clement Kennedy.

Children of Samuel and Monica (Kennedy) Luckett

1. William Luckett.
2. Francis H. Luckett.

During July 1776, Samuel Luckett enlisted in Captain John Hoskins Stone's company of the Flying Camp, Smallwood's Regiment, and participated in the early campaigns around New York. He was discharged in Philadelphia early in December and returned to Charles County, where on December 10, he enlisted as a private for three years in the First Maryland Regiment, commanded by Colonel John Hoskins Stone, his former

⁵ Unpublished Md. Records, vol. 5, p. 44, D. A. R. Library.

⁶ Ibid., vol. 2, p. 296.

captain. Most of the time, however, he served as sergeant. At the expiration of his enlistment, December 27, 1779, he returned to Charles County, where he later served as ensign and then first lieutenant in the company of Captain Francis Mastin, of the militia.⁷

As early as 1784, Samuel Luckett was a communicant of Durham Parish, and in 1801 he subscribed 7 shillings for support of the rector.

On June 18, 1785, Samuel Luckett conveyed "Frog Nest", of 183 acres and certain articles of personal property to William Cox and Benjamin Benson who were his bondsmen for the inspectorship of the tobacco warehouse at Chickamuxon. On April 18, 1786, Samuel Luckett and Monica his wife sold "Frog Nest", with improvements to Lott Mason for 14,152 pounds of tobacco.

On March 6, 1787, to satisfy a judgment, Samuel Luckett, Planter, mortgaged to Robert Ferguson, Merchant, of Port Tobacco, for £118/19/—land in Durham Parish consisting of the following tracts—"Luckett's Slipe", "Luckett Hazard", "Luckett's Addition", and "Luckett's Chance", all containing 400 acres which had been willed by his father, Ignatius Luckett. On March 8, two days later, he sold to Henderson, Ferguson & Gibson, Merchants, personal property consisting mostly of household effects.

His first wife died sometime before 1790, inasmuch as the census for that year shows him the head of a household in Charles County, with two boys under the age of sixteen but with no women. He subsequently married

⁷ Unpublished Maryland Records, vol. 2, p. 282; Pension claim S36,051; Archives, vol. 18, pp. 6, 132.

Elizabeth Cox, according to the statement of his granddaughter, who was born May 9, 1769, in Charles County.

Children of Samuel and Elizabeth (Cox) Lockett

3. Susannah Lockett married ——— Parnell.
4. Mary Lockett married ——— Elms.
5. Samuel Lockett, born Mar. 2, 1801.
6. John L. Lockett, born May 19, 1803.
7. David Lockett married Sally Ann Creek. *q.v.*
8. Nancy Lockett, born Jan. 13, 1808, married ——— Creek.
9. Anna Ware Lockett, born June 17, 1811.

On October 20, 1806, Samuel Lockett conveyed to Ignatius Lockett for \$250 "Frog Nest", "Slip", and "Aspinal". This is perhaps the approximate date of his leaving Maryland for Kentucky. In Barren County, that State, during May 1818 he applied for a Revolutionary pension.

He stated in his application that he was crippled in the left shoulder and foot and in the right hip, and was unable to pursue his occupation as farmer. The injuries, he asserted, occurred at Kemble's Farm in New Jersey, when he was constructing quarters for the soldiers.

On October 6, 1825, he received a land grant from the State of Kentucky for 215 acres lying on Seage's Creek in Barren County.

He dated his will April 17, 1828, it being proved in Barren County, in October 1828. He named his wife Elizabeth, and the following children—Anne Ware Lockett, David Lockett, William Lockett, Frances H. Lockett, Samuel Lockett, Susanna Parnell, Polly Elms, John L. Lockett, and Nancy Creek.

LIEUTENANT DAVID LUCKETT ⁴

David Lockett, son of Ignatius and Margaret Lockett, was born in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County. On January 26, 1780, David Lockett was commissioned an ensign of the Third Maryland Regiment, commanded by Colonel Peter Adams. By April 7, of the same year, he had been promoted to Lieutenant to fill the vacancy caused by the advancement of Alexander Roxborough. He was later transferred to the Second Maryland Regiment, owing to the reorganization of the Army in 1783. Towards the close of the war, he was stationed around Fort Pitt and was engaged in guarding the frontier against Indian attacks. He was in service as late as 1785.⁸ He was honored with membership in the hereditary Society of the Cincinnati.

After the war he married his cousin, Susannah, the daughter of William and Charity (Middleton) Lockett. The license was secured in Montgomery County on June 28, 1788.

Children of David and Susannah (Lockett) Lockett

1. William Gassan Lockett married Patsey, dau. of Abraham Steel. License Sept. 12, 1816, Shelby Co., Ky.
2. David Lawson Lockett married Huldal, dau. of James Bartlett. License June 17, 1818, Henry Co., Ky.
3. Juliet Lockett married James Simpson. License Nov. 3, 1803, Montg. Co., Md.
4. Catherine Lockett married Greenbury Simpson.
5. Luther Lockett. *q.v.*

On August 7, 1788, Samuel Lockett, David Lockett, and Lawson Lockett, all of Charles County, "whereas

⁸ Archives of Maryland, vol. 18, pp. 132, 363, 365, 380, 476, 480, 521.

Ignatius Lockett of Charles County, deceased, father to the above three was seized of a portion of Lockett's Addition, portion of Lockett's Hazzard, Lockett's Slipe, and Lockett's Chance by will devised the named tracts for the use of his wife Margaret during her natural life, then to his three sons" agreed to a petition of the landed estate.

On July 1, 1789, David Lockett, of Charles County, Gent., deeded to John Beale Turner for £500 lot numbered 45 in Port Tobacco. On the same day he deeded another portion of lot 45 to Ignatius Simpson, Innkeeper, of Charles County, that portion adjoining Robert Ferguson's storehouse. Susannah his wife on both deeds waived her dower.

On February 5, 1796, David Lockett, of Montgomery County, purchased from Thomas Noland and Mary Eleanor his wife their share of "Ellis Chance" and "Allision's Adventure" which had been devised by Captain William Lockett in his will to his five daughters. On May 16, same year, Thomas Offut and Elizabeth his wife conveyed to David Lockett their share of the above-named tracts.

On July 1, 1798, David Lockett, of Montgomery County, deeded to Richard Bennett Hall, of Prince Georges County, "Resurvey on Allison Adventure" and a portion of "Pleasant Plains". Susannah Lockett his wife acknowledged the conveyance.

David Lockett died in Montgomery County.

On March 19, 1819, Joshua White, of Montgomery County, instituted action in the court of Chancery against William G. Lockett, David L. Lockett, James Simpson and Juliet his wife, and Greenbury Simpson and Catherine his wife, all of Kentucky, for a defective conveyance of certain lands in Montgomery County for which he had paid them \$3,112.

On April 5, 1824, the heirs of David Lockett—William G. Lockett, Luther Lockett, David L. Lockett, Juliet Simpson and Catherine Simpson—all of Kentucky appointed David White, then a member of Congress, from Kentucky, their attorney to negotiate their claims to bounty land in right of their deceased father's services "who died many years ago in Maryland and who was an officer in the Revolution". James Simpson, of Gallatin Co., Kentucky, certified to the rightful heirs. Accordingly, they were granted Bounty Land warrant no. 1086, of 200 acres.

IGNATIUS LUCKETT ⁴

Ignatius Lockett, son of Ignatius and Margaret Lockett, was born in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. He served as a private in the Flying Camp and saw active service with that outfit during the early campaigns around New York. He was enlisted by Samuel Jones and passed by William Harrison on July 21, 1776. Like other members of the camp he was discharged at Philadelphia shortly before Christmas.⁹

In Charles County he took the oath of Fidelity and Allegiance to the State of Maryland before "His Worshipful Warren Dent".¹⁰

He married Anne Clarke. During September 1791, he received £13/7/5¾ from the estate of Mary Clarke, late of Charles County, in rights of his wife Anne Lockett.

In 1795 Ignatius Lockett received through the will of his brother, Lawson, "Lockett's Addition" and "Lockett's Hazard". In 1806 he purchased from his brother,

⁹ Archives, vol. 18, p. 31.

¹⁰ Unpublished Maryland Records, vol. 5, p. 67, D. A. R. Library.

Samuel, "Frog Nest", "Luckett's Second Addition", "Luckett's Hazard", "Slip", and "Aspinal".

On March 20, 1820, he sold "Luckett's Second Addition" to Isaac Maddox, and on June 21, same year, he sold "Frog Nest" to William R. Maddox, of the District of Columbia.

SAMUEL LUCKETT ⁴

Samuel Luckett, son of William and Susannah Luckett, was born in Charles County. In 1775 he and William Hall were surety for John Maddox, the executor of Jane Gray. He married Elizabeth, the widow of Notley Maddox. On July 27, 1790, "that we Samuel Luckett son of William, and Elizabeth his wife relict of Notley Maddox late of Charles County, deceased, for £200 released Samuel Tubman all manner of dower right, title, and which the said Elizabeth Luckett now has of land, tenements, and hereditaments which were belonging to the said Notley Maddox during the coverture between him and the said Elizabeth".

IGNATIUS LUCKETT ⁴

Ignatius Luckett, son of John and Eleanor Luckett, was born in Charles County, Maryland. During the March term of the court held in Durham Parish in 1778 as Ignatius Luckett of John he took the oath of allegiance to the State of Maryland. At the first census of Charles County, he had in his household one female and one slave.

RICHARD LUCKETT ⁴

(17— - 1850)

Richard Luckett, son of Thomas Hussey Luckett, was born in Charles County, Maryland, and about 1789

accompanied his parent to Fauquier County, Virginia. There on April 12, 1819, he secured license to marry Catherine Kenner.

Children of Richard and Catherine (Kenner) Lockett

1. Mary Adalaide Lockett married ——— Tolson.
2. David W. Lockett.
3. Robert Kenner Lockett.
4. Selina E. Lockett married Seymour Lynn, son of William. License Oct. 23, 1852, Culp. Co., Va.
5. Margaret E. C. Lockett.
6. Johannah T. Lockett.
7. John R. Lockett.
8. Frederick M. Lockett.
9. Haywood D. Lockett.
10. Louisa C. Lockett married Lewis Walter, Jr. License Apr. 3, 1844.

The will of Richard Lockett was dated May 4, 1850, and proved in Fauquier County, Virginia, on June 24, 1850, by John R. Tongue, Hugh Cox, and W. A. Smith. He named his sons—David, Robert, John, Frederick, and Haywood; and daughters—Mary Adalaide Tolson, Selina Lockett, Margaret Lockett, Johannah Lockett, and Louisa C. Walter. The executors, so named, were Haywood Lockett and Lewis Walter.

IGNATIUS LUCKETT ⁴

Ignatius Lockett, son of Thomas Hussey Lockett, was born in Charles County, Maryland, and accompanied his parent to Fauquier County. On June 18, 1794, he secured bond in that county to marry Jane, a daughter of David Wickliffe. On July 24, 1818, David Wickliffe, of Fauquier County, conveyed to Ignatius Lockett various articles of household furniture, the transfer being wit-

nessed by James Cox, Richard Lockett, and William Cox. On March 25, 1816, Ignatius Lockett and Jane his wife, of Fauquier County, conveyed to Richard Lockett, of the same place, a tract of land containing 107 acres that had been willed to Ignatius by his father.

THOMAS LUCKETT ⁴

(1780 - 18—)

Thomas Lockett, son of Thomas Hussey Lockett, was born about 1780, in Charles County, Maryland. He accompanied his parent to Fauquier County in 1789, and there on January 27, 1807, he secured license to marry Elizabeth Wickliffe.

Prior to his marriage, however, that is, on March 2, 1802, he and Johnze Tongue purchased lots in Warrenton from George Robinson and Anne his wife, of Fauquier County. He settled in Culpeper County and there on February 27, 1816, he and Elizabeth his wife conveyed land in the town of Warrenton to Johnze Tongue.

At the census of 1850, Thomas Lockett, aged 70, born in Maryland, was the proprietor of a tavern in Culpeper County, with realty appraised at \$400. In his household was Lucy A. Lockett, aged 30 and born in Virginia, and Susan Lockett, aged 24 and born in Virginia.

DAVID LAWSON LUCKETT ⁵

David Lawson Lockett, son of David and Susannah (Lockett) Lockett, was born apparently in Montgomery County, Maryland. By August 2, 1816, he had migrated to Jefferson County, Kentucky, when he conveyed to John Skinner, of Charles County, for \$580 "Lockett's Addi-

tion" and "Lockett's Hazard", lying in Durham Parish, which had been devised by Ignatius Lockett to his wife Margaret.

LUTHER LUCKETT ⁵

Luther Lockett, son of David and Susannah (Lockett) Lockett, was born apparently in Montgomery County, Maryland. By May 13, 1819, he had removed to Henry County, Kentucky, when as one of the heirs of the late David Lockett, of Montgomery County, he conveyed land to Hezekiah Trundle. On May 22, 1828, in Mercer County, Kentucky, a Luther Lockett obtained license to marry Ann Jane Harrison.

DAVID LUCKETT ⁵

(1805 - 1872)

David Lockett, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Cox) Lockett, was born September 26, 1805, in Kentucky. In his native State he married Sally Anne Creek. They subsequently settled in Lincoln County, Missouri, and became the parents of the following children—John; Samuel; Frank; Jane; Frates; Eliza; James; Asley Wesley (*q.v.*); Al; Charles; David; William; and Synn. He died in Lincoln County on February 21, 1872.

ASLEY WESLEY LUCKETT ⁶

(1844 - 1929)

Asley Wesley Lockett, son of David and Sally Ann (Creek) Lockett, was born July 6, 1844, at New Hope, Missouri. On May 16, 1867, in Lincoln County, Missouri, he was married to Mary Catherine Fink. She, a

native of New Orleans, was born May 7, 1851, and died at Bowling Green, Missouri, February 20, 1898. He lived to celebrate his eighty-fifth year and died on January 5, 1929, at Ashland, Oregon. Seven children were born to this union—Addie (*q.v.*); Anna Belle; Carrie; Story Houston; Hattie May; William Leonard; and Minnie.

ADDIE (LUCKETT) WILLIAMS ⁷

Addie Luckett, the daughter of Asley Wesley and Mary Catherine (Fink) Luckett, was born January 6, 1872, in Lincoln County, Missouri. At Mexico, same State, she was married on April 27, 1895, to William Price Williams. He was born July 22, 1863, in Pike County, Missouri, and had married first Annie Clayton who died leaving issue. He died on November 28, 1935, at Wichita, Kansas. His widow now (1938) resides at Long Beach, California.

Children of William and Addie (Luckett) Williams

1. Cecil Booth Williams. *q.v.*
2. William Earl Williams. *q.v.*
3. John Houston Williams, born July 10, 1907, Pleasant Hill, Ill., married Feb. 25, 1935, at Sedalia, Mo., Naomi Lois (Brogdon) Gladden, widow, born Springdale, Ark.; resides at Hutchinson, Kans., where he is engaged in agriculture.
4. Vivian Wesley Williams. *q.v.*
5. Laura La Rue Williams, born Mar. 29, 1916, Lyons, Kans.

CECIL BOOTH WILLIAMS ⁸

Cecil Booth Williams, son of William and Addie (Luckett) Williams, was born June 20, 1896, at Rush Hill, Missouri. On July 23, 1917, at Lyons, Kansas, he

married Mabel Susan Moore who was born July 3, 1898, at Ellsworth, Kansas. Four children were born—Cecil Keith, born and died May 4, 1918; Kathleen Elizabeth, born April 15, 1919, married Lee Bryce Crupper, September 5, 1937, in Kansas City, Kansas; Barbara June, born June 9, 1921; and James Lewis, born September 3, 1934. He and his family reside (1938) at Hutchinson, Kansas.

WILLIAM EARL WILLIAMS ⁸

William Earl Williams, son of William and Addie (Lockett) Williams, was born January 3, 1903, at Pleasant Hill, Illinois. On August 26, 1930, at Long Beach, California, he was married to Ruth Alta Seydel who was born January 31, 1910, at Long Beach. Their daughter—Beverley Joy—was born there on August 2, 1936. Mrs. Williams has the unique distinction of crossing the continent several times, visiting two-thirds of the States as well as Canada, Mexico, Central America, and Panama, yet she has never ridden on a steam train. Mr. Williams enlisted January 2, 1923, in the United States Navy, and at present is Chief Petty Officer on recruiting duty at Redding, California. Among his assignments have been the U. S. S. Sirius, U. S. S. Wright, and U. S. S. Mississippi. He has also been recognized for his work in photography, and is one of the few descendants of Samuel Lockett who is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, being affiliated with the Kansas society.

VIVIAN WESLEY WILLIAMS ⁸

Vivian Wesley Williams, son of William and Addie (Lockett) Williams, was born July 19, 1910, at Lyons,

Kansas. On April 14, 1930, at Hutchinson, same State, he married Annaverna Elizabeth Spriplin who was born July 16, 1911, at Sterling, Kansas. Their first son—Houston Wesley—was born September 13, 1932, at Hutchinson. They are at present (1938) domiciled at South Gate, California.

THOMAS HUSSEY LUCKETT, GENT.²
AND
HIS DESCENDANTS

Thomas Hussey Lockett, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Hussey) Lockett, was born in Charles County, Maryland, at a date later than 1693. By 1717 he had married Elizabeth, the daughter of Robert and Juliana (Goodrick) Price.

Robert Price dated his will December 6, 1714, and devised his daughters Elizabeth and Mary by his second and last marriage his entire landed estate. Some two years later, June 19, 1716, William Cantwell, one of the witnesses to the will of Robert Price, died without issue, and among his devisees were Elizabeth Price, Hussey Lockett, and Juliana Price, widow. Thus, at this date it is known that Elizabeth was still a maiden. But on December 23, 1717, Juliana Price, widow, conveyed to Thomas H. Lockett, Gent., for natural love and motherly affections which she bore to Elizabeth Lockett, wife of Thomas H. Lockett, and daughter of the said Juliana Price, 200 acres of "St. Patrick's Hill", lying on the west side of the main branch of the Creek of Port Tobacco, which had been devised to Elizabeth by the will of Robert Price, of Charles County, deceased, father to Elizabeth Lockett.

Children of Thomas and Elizabeth (Price) Lockett

1. William Rhody Lockett married Mary Anne Semmes. *q.v.*
2. Elizabeth Lockett married John Jenkins and Samuel Green. Issue: (Jenkins) Monica; Sarah; Susannah; Eleanor; Thomas; John Baptist; Edward; Mary Anne; and Elizabeth.
3. Anne Lockett married Jeremiah, son of Jeremiah and Mary Adderton, and secondly George Jenkins.

About 1738 Thomas Hussey Lockett conveyed to his daughter Anne and her husband Jeremiah Aderton for love and natural affections land at Chinquamuxon.

On December 12, 1716, Thomas Hussey Lockett, Gent., conveyed to Robert Hanson, Gent., for the consideration of 8,000 pounds of tobacco "Montague's Mountains" lying on the south side of St. Michael's Creek, formerly called Chingamuxon Creek. The deed was witnessed by William Mills and William Theobald, but no wife waived dower. Some years later he sold to Thomas Hussey Lockett, of Ignatius, another portion of this tract and also "Montague's Addition".

On November 17, 1724, Robert Hanson resold "Montague's Mountains" of 200 acres to Thomas Hussey Lockett, and at the same time conveyed "Montague's Addition" of 100 acres, and "Aspinal Chance" of 119 acres, all lying on Chingamuxon Creek. The conveyance was witnessed by Gustavus Brown and George Dent.

On August 4, 1725, Thomas Hussey Lockett conveyed to Thomas Skinner "Milerre" originally granted to George Godfrey on July 2, 1669, lying on Chingamuxon Creek. Elizabeth Lockett, his wife, relinquished her third. The witnesses were Thomas Stone, Joseph Harrison, and Step Evans.

He negotiated three land patents—"Lockett's Addition" in 1730, "Wadestone's Addition" in 1747, and "Lockett's Benefit" in 1761.

In 1751 Thomas Hussey Lockett and Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer were bondsmen for Thomas Simpson, the administrator of Anne Clarke. On November 31, 1765, he and George Jenkins witnessed the will of Thomas Simpson, and likewise on May 14, 1766, they gave bond

for Elizabeth Simpson, the daughter and administratrix of the said Thomas Simpson.

On July 15, 1766, Thomas Hussey Lockett and William Rhody Lockett conveyed to Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer for £195 "Wade Stone", lying near Goose Bay in the Potomac River of 200 acres, and also "Wade Stone Addition", containing 22½ acres, improved property. At this time no wife joined in the deed.

Thomas Hussey Lockett died intestate in Charles County about 1767, when letters of administration were issued to his son William Rhody Lockett. On July 11, same year, an inventory of his personal effects was filed and appraised at £216/5/6. George Jenkins and John Jenkins signed as the next of kin and Rhoda Lockett appeared as the administrator. On December 1, 1769, the proceeds were distributed to the three heirs—William R. Lockett, Elizabeth Jenkins. and Anne Jenkins. Henry Hagan and Thomas Semmes were the bondsmen.

WILLIAM RHODY LUCKETT ³
(1720 - 1779)

William Rhody Lockett, son of Thomas Hussey and Elizabeth (Price) Lockett, was born about 1720 in Port Tobacco Parish, Charles County, Maryland. His wife was Mary Anne, daughter of Marmaduke and Henrietta (Jenkins) Semmes, of Charles County.

Children of William Rhody and Mary Anne (Semmes) Lockett

1. Eleanor Lockett married ——— Bowling.
2. Joseph Lockett, born Oct. 16, 1765.
3. Henrietta Lockett, born Nov. 6, 1768, died spinster 1797, naming sister Eleanor Bowling, brother Joseph, and the Rev. Charles Neale.
4. Thomas Hussey Lockett, born Nov. 25, 1771.
5. William Rhody Lockett.

William Rhody Luckett on October 29, 1748, deeded to Samuel Hanson, Jr., "St. Patrick's Hills", at which time Mary Anne, his wife, waived her third.

He and John Hurry (Harry?) were sureties for the former's sister Elizabeth Green and her husband Samuel Green, when they administered on the estate of the late John Jenkins. In 1773 the proceeds were distributed to the widow Elizabeth Green and her eight Jenkins children.

The first wife of William Rhody Luckett died leaving five children. Their estates which had been inherited from the Semmes kinsmen were placed under the trusteeship of their maternal grandmother Henrietta Semmes. By her will proved 1774, she placed her grandchildren Eleanor and Henrietta under the guardianship of their aunt Letitia Semmes, William R. under his uncle Edward Semmes, and Joseph and Thomas Hussey under their uncle Thomas Semmes. Later on, however, one finds Henrietta, Joseph, William, and Thomas all under the guardianship of Thomas Semmes.

William Rhody Luckett married secondly Sarah ——— who became the mother of his sixth child Mary Anne Luckett.

William R. Luckett took the oath of Fidelity and Allegiance to the State of Maryland in 1778 before the Worshipful Walter Hanson.¹

His will was dated January 3, 1779, and proved February 9, 1779, in Charles County. He bequeathed his daughter Eleanor Luckett £52 and negroes; his son Joseph 200 acres of "May Day"; daughter Henrietta £50 and negroes; son Thomas Hussey "Heater"; and his son William Rhody £20. He devised his wife, Sarah, one-

¹ Unpublished Maryland Records, vol. 2, p. 5, D. A. R. Library.

third of the estate with the residue to be divided equally among his minor children—Joseph, Thomas Hussey, and Mary Anne.

The inventory of his personal estate was taken on May 8, 1779, and was appraised at £608/6/6, with Sarah Luckett as the executrix, and Bennett Hanson Clements and John Luckett as the kinsmen. At the sale of the personal property on November 27, 1780, it developed that Jesse Floyd had married the widow and executrix.

The final account was rendered in February 1781, by Jesse Floyd and showed distribution of the residuary estate valued at £3,461/4/4 to Joseph, Thomas H., and Mary.

THE OFFUTT FAMILY

THE OFFUTT-LUCKETT FAMILY

THE Offutts of Maryland are closely allied to the Lockett family by two matrimonial alliances but more especially through the union of Elizabeth Lockett, daughter of Colonel William Lockett, with Thomas Offutt, of Frederick and Montgomery Counties. While not so old as the Lockett clan in respect to residence in Maryland, the members of the Offutt family for about sixty years or more had maintained a respectable position among the affluent families of Prince Georges and later Montgomery County.

The progenitor of the family seems to be William Offett (Offoot) who settled on the western bank of the Patuxent River in St. Paul's Parish, then in Calvert County. Little is known about his European background. It is assumed, however, that he came from the highlands of Scotland, inasmuch as he became identified with that small group around the Patuxent which established that first meeting house of the Church of Scotland, more popularly known in America as the Presbyterian Church.

Some say that the early spellings were Offord, Ufford, and the like, but Offoot and Offett were the only forms used in Maryland, the latter being the one more generally used. Burke gives the arms of an Offord family of London, while Ufford was a family name assumed by Robert, the younger son of John de Peyton, and was also a family name connected with the Dukes of Suffolk. None of these, however, seem to have any Scot connections.

There was a James Offord in Anne Arundel County as early as 1681, but no marriage nor issue has been proved for him, so little doubt exists of his being the parent of

William Offett—yet it is noted that the latter named a son James.

William Offett was well established in the Province of Maryland by 1694, for in that year he was granted by the Lord Proprietor "Offett's Delight", of 101 acres lying on the north side of the western branch of the Patuxent River and in a fork of the southwest branch beginning at a bound white oak of Colonel Darnall's land. In July 1699 the Commissary of the Perogative Court appointed him and Thomas Sprigg to appraise the estate of Thomas Sheppard.

About this time or before, William Offett married Mary, the daughter of Captain Edward Brocke, a landed proprietor of Prince Georges County. Brocke was in Maryland several years prior to 1680 and had settled on the western bank of the Patuxent River, then in Calvert County, and was therefore a neighbor of William Offett.

At the session of the Upper House on November 3, 1681, Captain Edward Brocke, of Calvert County, stated that several times during August and September he had been assaulted in his house by the Northern Indians on the way to Piscattaway and Zachaiah and had sustained several losses and damages, and consequently petitioned the Treasury to replenish his losses from the public levy.¹ In 1695 he was foreman of Prince Georges County.

Children of William and Mary (Brocke) Offett

1. Nathaniel Offett.
2. Edward Offett married Eleanor Edmonstone.
3. William Offett married Jane ———.
4. James Offett married twice. *q.v.*
5. Sarah Offett married Thomas Harris.

¹ Archives, vol. 7, p. 221.

6. Mary Offett married John Bowie.
7. John Offett married Esther ———.
8. Samuel Offett married Elizabeth Burgess.
9. Thomas Offett.
10. Jane Offett married Thomas Waring.

At the November Court of 1704, Ninian Beall, of Prince Georges County, a known native of Scotland, gave land to Nathaniell Taylor "Minister of ye Gospel" and to William Ophett and fifteen other trustees of the church. The tract was described as lying on the western branch of the Patuxent River and was "for ye erecting and building of a house for ye service of Almighty God". Thus, we definitely have William Offett established with the Presbyterian group in the Province, and this accounts partially for the fact that the name of Offutt is absent from the early registers of the Established Church in Maryland.

After his first land patent in 1694, William Offett negotiated no further patents until December 2, 1713, when "Offett's Adventure", of 100 acres, was surveyed for him, beginning at a bound black oak standing at the head of a small branch of the southwest branch of the western branch of the Patuxent River. The patent was issued on April 10, 1715.

On May 6, 1715, "Covert", of 406 acres, was surveyed beginning at a bound white oak in a fork of a branch called Henson's Branch. And on September 6, 1715, "The Outlett", of 600 acres, was surveyed for him beginning at a final branch that ran into a branch called Piney Branch, the said branch "falleth into the Potomac against the island that is laid out for Walter Evans". This tract was located within the present city of Washington.

On August 21, 1717, "The Younger Brother", of 600 acres, was surveyed for him beginning at a bound hiccory

standing on the western side of a small branch that "bears near north west and south east and falls into the said Piney branch". His next survey was on November 22, 1722, when "Offett's Pasture", 613 acres, was laid out on Watt's branch beginning at a bound white oak.

Edward Brocke, his father-in-law, dated his will on March 5, 1712, it being proved on June 19, 1714, by Mareen Duval Sr., Ninian Beall, and John Wall. His daughter, Mary Offett, was the only child mentioned, though he provided generously for the children of two unnamed daughters. He devised his grandsons, Edward, William, James, Thomas, and John Offett, a portion of "Brock Hall", lying on the north side of Brock Branch, and he appointed his son-in-law, William Offett, the executor.

On December 19, 1714, William Offoot appeared before the Perogative Court and renounced the executorship of the will, but requested that letters of administration be granted to William Nichollas and his wife.

William Offett and William Thompson were sureties for Margaret Shaw, the executor of James Shaw, late of Prince Georges County. Their bond was exhibited in court on July 18, 1718. On December 12, 1721, the Commissary of the Court issued a warrant to William Ofett and James Beall, Planters, to appraise the estate of Charles Carroll, Esq., late of Prince Georges County, and to Joseph Belt to swear the appraisers. In 1727 he and Charles Beall were sureties for John Bradford who was the administrator of Henry Thickpenny.

The will of William Offutt was dated November 10, 1732, and proved in Prince Georges County, Maryland, on June 10, 1734, by William Lowe. Having already

provided for his son, James, he bequeathed him only £5 as well as his other children—William; Sarah, the wife of Thomas Harris; and Mary, the wife of John Bowie, Jr. He devised his wife Mary the dwelling-plantation with several adjoining tracts, then to his son Nathaniel.

Edward received "The Outlet" on Piney Branch and an island containing 600 acres, John was devised "Calverton Edge", while John and Nathaniel were willed lots at Upper Marlborough, Samuel "Offutt's Pasture", Thomas "The Younger Brother", Nathaniel the residue of "Calverton Edge" and the "Addition", and to his daughter Jane "Offutt's Adventure" and £80 at marriage or at the age of twenty-one. The residue of the estate after his wife obtained her third was to be divided among Samuel, Nathaniel, Thomas, and Jane. Thomas, the youngest son, was to be of age at seventeen. He named his sons Edward and Nathaniel as executors, and John Beall and Ninian Magruder as overseers.

His widow was granted letters of administration, and her bond in the amount of £7,000 was placed by John Bowie and John Bowie, Jr. At the same time her bond as the administrator *de bonis non* of John Smith was exhibited.

The inventory which was taken on September 27, 1734, showed an appraisement of £1,251/9/8, and was signed by Thomas Harris and Samuel Offutt as the kinsmen, and Richard Keene and Meredith Davis as the greatest creditors.

An account rendered to the court on April 30, 1735, showed a balance of £2,212/8/4. Legacies were paid to William Offutt, John Bowie, James Offutt, and one of £106/13/4 to Thomas Waring "due to him in right of

his wife daughter of the deceased". Thomas Offutt at that time was recorded as the only heir being under age.

Her account on the estate of John Smith, Schoolmaster, on August 27, 1735, displayed a balance of £9, and the fact that there were no heirs in the Colonies.

Her account on the estate of her deceased husband on June 28, 1737, showed a balance of £2,487/13/4, and cash paid to Thomas Waring, Thomas Harris, and John Bowie, Jr., their wives "being daughters of the deceased".

The will of Mary Offutt was dated March 9, 1747/8, and proved in Prince Georges County on September 11, 1748, by John Brown Brazier, Thomas Shreve, and Richard Burgess (Quaker). She bequeathed certain personalty to her sons—Edward, James, Samuel, and Nathaniel; and her daughter Sarah Harris; and five shillings each to the heirs of her deceased children—William Offutt, John Offutt, Jane Waring, and Mary Bowie. The residue of her estate was bequeathed equally to her two sons, Edward and Nathaniel, with the latter as executor.

The bond of the executor was exhibited at the Perogative Court on September 9, 1748, by Enoch Magruder and Richard Burgess in the amount of £4,000.

The inventory of her estate was taken on March 1, 1749, and was appraised as £1,218/38/—, with her son, Nathaniel Offutt, as the executor. Edward Offutt signed as the next of kin, and Benjamin Berry and William Addison as the greatest creditors.

An account of the executor on December 13, 1749, showed the payment of a legacy to Edward Offutt, son of the deceased, and one to Sarah Harris, a daughter of the deceased. An additional account on July 23, 1750, displayed a legacy of £39/12/5 to "Eliner Offutt the executor of Edward Offutt deceased".

JAMES OFFUTT ²

(17— - 1750)

James Offutt, son to William, was born in Prince Georges County, Maryland. He shared in the estate of his maternal grandfather in 1712, and was therefore one of the older children. Furthermore, he had been sufficiently provided for prior to the death of his father and thus received only a minor bequest by his will.

He married first Rachel ———, who relinquished her dower rights in 1725, when her husband conveyed land in Prince Georges County. He married secondly Sarah, the daughter of James and Verlinda Beall. The will of James Beall, Gent., proved in Prince Georges County, on May 18, 1742, named his daughter, Sarah, "the wife of James Offutt", and devised her 200 acres of "New Dumfries".

Children of James Offutt

1. William Offutt.
2. Thomas Offutt married Elizabeth Lockett. *q.v.*
3. Rebecca Offutt married ——— Ramsey.
4. Elizabeth Offutt married ——— Lewis.
5. Rachel Offutt.
6. Hannah Offutt.
7. Mary Offutt.

On July 3, 1723, there was surveyed for James Offutt and his brother, William, "William and James", of 530 acres, lying in Prince Georges County (later Frederick) beginning at a bound hickory standing at the head of a valley through which runs a branch flowing into the Potomac River. On this tract he established his dwelling-plantation.

The will of James Offutt was dated January 4, 1749/-50, and proved in Frederick County on April 4, 1750,

by William Wallace, Leonard Hall, and James Wallace. He devised to his two sons, William and Thomas, each 240 acres of "William and James". To his daughter, Rebecca Offutt, he bequeathed a negro, and to his daughter, Elizabeth Lewis, 20 shillings. Personalty was bequeathed to his daughters, Rachel and Hannah, but Mary was devised 200 acres of land in the forks of the Eastern Branch being a portion of "Dumfries", formerly belonging to John Beall, deceased.*

His wife was devised the residue of "William and James" including that portion on which the dwelling-plantation was located during life, also "James' Parke", "Young Man's Folly", and "Parke Island". She was appointed executrix. The sons were to be of age at twenty-one years, and the daughters at marriage.

His widow and executrix presented her bond in court on April 4, 1750, in the amount of £3,000, with James Wallace and Samuel Beall, Jr., as her sureties.

The first inventory was taken on November 21, 1750, when the personal estate was appraised at £957/0/9. Samuel Offutt and Nathaniel Offutt, whom we identify as brothers, signed the papers as kinsmen, while John Cooke and James Perry signed as the greatest creditors.

An additional inventory was taken on February 22, 1751, with an appraisement of £245/11/2. Thomas Offutt and William Offutt signed as next of kin, while James Dorry and Andrew Hamilton were the greatest creditors.

The balance was distributed on June 6, 1754, by his widow, showing £1,220/13/9 which were divided among William Offutt, Thomas Offutt, Rachel Offutt, Mary Offutt, Rebecca Ramsey, and Elizabeth Lewis.

*The fact that he devised this tract to his daughter, Mary, is evidence that she was an issue of his second marriage.

THOMAS OFFUTT³

(17— - 1800)

Thomas Offutt, son of James, was born in Frederick County, Maryland, and was a minor at the death of his father in 1750. He married before 1762, Elizabeth, the daughter of Colonel William Lockett, of the same county.

She was made an heir in the will of her father, but the settlement occurred a number of years later. Levin Lockett, brother to Elizabeth Offutt and the executor of their father's will stated in his will, probated in Loudon County in 1829 "pay to the heirs of Thomas Offutt, deceased, twenty-five pounds like currency it being Elizabeth Offutt's their mother's part of the outstanding debts due to the estate of William Lockett, deceased, my father".

Thomas Offutt took the oath of Allegiance in Montgomery County during 1778, his signature being found among the returns of his kinsman Joseph Offutt.²

Children of Thomas and Elizabeth (Lockett) Offutt

1. Thomas Wooton Offutt.
2. Thomas Levi Offutt.
3. Thomas Hussey Lockett Offutt.
4. Charity Offutt married John Bryan. *q.v.*
5. Nancy Offutt married ——— West.
6. Rebecca Offutt married John Neale. *q.v.*
7. Elizabeth Lewis Offutt married ——— Sugar.
8. Rachel Offutt married ——— Scott.
9. Serena Malvina Offutt, born Sept. 13, 1773, died Feb. 10, 1808, married May 12, 1803, Thomas Cook, of Alexandria, Va. Issue: Thomas and Leonard.

The will of Thomas Offutt was dated October 22, 1799, and proved in Montgomery County on December 13,

³ Unpublished Maryland Records, vol. 3, p. 45, D. A. R. Library.

1800. He devised his son, Thomas Hussey Lockett Offutt, 120 acres of "William and James", and to his son, Thomas Wooton Offutt, 128½ acres taken from the "old dwelling where my father formerly lived", and to his son, Thomas Levi Offutt, 122½ acres of the dwelling-plantation known as "Addition to William and James", which had been purchased from Mrs. Sarah Offutt, deceased, and 6½ acres which he obtained from James Offutt of William. A number of his negro slaves were bequeathed to his sons.

Slaves were bequeathed to his daughters Charity Bryan, Nancy West, Elizabeth Lewis Sugar, and Serena Milena Offutt, and to his granddaughter, Elizabeth Lockett Scott. One dollar each was willed to his daughters, Rebecca Neale and Rachel Scott. His son-in-law, John Bryan, was named as executor.

CHARITY (OFFUTT) BRYAN ⁴
(1763 - 1812)

Charity Offutt, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Lockett) Offutt, was born July 14, 1763, in the Lower District of Frederick County, Maryland. On November 9, 1790, she was married to John Bryan. He was born June 11, 1763, in Ireland, and was brought to America at a young age. He and his brother, Bernard, settled first in Baltimore, where records show that Bernard, an orphan of eleven years, was received into the Methodist church by the Rev. Mr. Asbury. John later settled in Alexandria, Virginia, where his first six or seven children were born.

Children of John and Charity (Offutt) Bryan

1. Catherine Bryan, died young.
2. Charity Bryan, died young.

3. John Bryan, born Oct. 19, 1793.
4. Lemuel Bryan, died young.
5. Samuel Bryan married Mary Ratliff. *q.v.*
6. Mary Elizabeth Bryan married Richard Harcourt.
Line extinct.
7. Bernard Bryan, born Apr. 2, 1801.
8. Rebecca Bryan, died young.

About 1801 or 1802 John Bryan and his young family migrated to Fayette County, Kentucky, and settled at Lexington. His wife died on September 9, 1812, while he died November 19, 1842.

REBECCA (OFFUTT) NEALE ⁴

Rebecca Offutt, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Lockett) Offutt, was born in the Lower District of Frederick County, Maryland. On October 23, 1795, at the Old Presbyterian Meeting House in Alexandria, Virginia, she was married to John Neale by the Rev. Mr. James Muir. It is not definitely known how many children were born to this union, but an old family Bible states that a daughter—Jane Christy Neale (*q.v.*)—was born in 1796.

SAMUEL BRYAN ⁵

(1797 - 1874)

Samuel Bryan, son of John and Charity (Offutt) Bryan, was born January 30, 1797, in Alexandria, Virginia. He was carried to Kentucky by his parents when less than five years of age, and there he grew to manhood. On February 18, 1824, he married Mary, born December 18, 1802, near Frankfort, Kentucky, the daughter of Francis and Rebecca (Bridges) Ratliff, of Chesterfield and James City Counties, Virginia, respectively—but then the widow Ruddle.

Children of Samuel and Mary (Ratliff) Bryan

1. Rebecca Charity Bryan, died infant.
2. John Francis Bryan, died infant.
3. Samuel William Bryan married Jane Christie Bowling. *q.v.*
4. Virginia Althea Bryan married James Marshall Doling. *q.v.*
5. Mary Rebecca Bryan, born July 17, 1836.
6. Sarah Elizabeth Bryan, born Oct. 30, 1838.
7. George Thomas Bryan, born Jan. 7, 1841.
8. John Francis Bryan, born Feb. 7, 1845, married Mary McDow. *q.v.*

About 1833 Samuel Bryan and his wife with their four children, all then young, left Kentucky, and settled first at Paris in Monroe County, Missouri, later going to Daviess County, of the same State. Ultimately, he established himself at Springfield in Green County, where he became a prominent merchant. He died testate on May 27, 1874; his widow lived until January 18, 1883. Both were buried at Springfield.

JANE CHRISTY (NEALE) BOWLING ⁵
(1796 - 1854)

Jane Christy Neale, daughter of James and Rebecca (Offutt) Neale, was born August 21, 1796, in Fairfax County, Virginia. On November 28, 1816, in that county she married Robert Bowling who was born March 28, 1792, also in Fairfax County, the son of Samuel.

Children of Robert and Jane (Neale) Bowling

1. Samuel Bowling married Nancy Jane Martin. *q.v.*
2. Robert Bowling, born Oct. 8, 1819, died young.
3. Robert Bowling married Nancy Jane Smith. *q.v.*
4. Eliza Bowling, born May 31, 1823.

5. Mariam Bowling, born May 27, 1825.
6. Albert G. Bowling, born Aug. 9, 1827.
7. Sarah Bowling, born July 29, 1829.
8. Malvina Bowling, born Apr. 27, 1832.
9. John Bowling, born Nov. 20, 1837.
10. Jane Christy Bowling married Samuel Bryan. *q.v.*

Robert Bowling and his family lived for a time in the National Capital, but prior to 1819 they settled near Paris in Bourbon County, Kentucky. In 1837 with a family of eight young children, they again moved westward and settled on a farm near Paris, Monroe County, Missouri. He died on August 6, 1845, and was buried on the home place. His widow survived him several years and died on September 27, 1854. Their gravestones are still intact.

SAMUEL WILLIAM BRYAN ⁶

(1828 - 1883)

Samuel William Bryan, son of Samuel and Mary (Ratliff) Bryan, was born August 1, 1828, at Lexington, Kentucky. When he was about five years of age his parents removed to Paris, Missouri, but within fifteen years they settled in Daviess County, same State. In 1850 he with a group of adventurers from Missouri made the overland trip to California in search of gold. His letters to his parents are still preserved. He returned to his home in Missouri and in 1866 acquired a large stock ranch in Green County and specialized in the breeding of short-horn cattle. Owing to deafness in early manhood, he was incapacitated for military service during the War Between the States.

On April 28, 1858, he married his cousin Jane Christy Bowling, the daughter of Robert, and a native Missou-

rian. He died at Springfield, Missouri, on April 7, 1883; his widow died on October 3, 1886.

Children of Samuel and Jane (Bowling) Bryan

1. Mary Christie Bryan married Thomas Reed. *q.v.*
2. Albert Ashby Bryan, born 1861, died 1863.
3. Nora Virginia Bryan, born 1864, died 1889.
4. Robert Bunyan Bryan, born Dec. 22, 1866.
5. Marshall Emmett Bryan, born July 28, 1868.
6. Edmund Burke Bryan, born Sept. 21, 1870.
7. Samuel Douglas Bryan, born 1873, died 1875.
8. Mariam Edna Bryan married John Miller. *q.v.*
9. Crutcher Glenn Bryan married Anna Lee Baggett. *q.v.*
10. Daisy Jane Bryan married John Yost. *q.v.*

VIRGINIA ALTHEA (BRYAN) DOLING⁶
(1830 - 1914)

Virginia Althea Bryan, the daughter of Samuel and Mary (Ratliff) Bryan, was born July 5, 1830, at Frankfort, Kentucky. At a young age she accompanied her parents to Missouri, and during their residence at Galatin on February 7, 1850, she was married to James Marshall Doling. He was born August 22, 1827, and was a native of Bourbon County, Kentucky. She died on February 27, 1914, having survived her husband three years.

Children of James Marshall and Virginia (Bryan) Doling

1. Mary Virginia Doling, born Aug. 30, 1853.
2. Charles William Doling, born May 27, 1855.
3. Ella Doling, born Mar. 1, 1857.
4. James Bernard Doling.
5. Raphael Semmes Doling, born Mar. 11, 1862.
6. Sallie Belle Doling married William Haynes. *q.v.*
7. Robert Lee Doling married Anna Maria Mooney. *q.v.*
8. Anna Doling married Conquest Atkisson, *q.v.*
9. Bessie Doling, born Mar. 31, 1876.

JOHN FRANCIS BRYAN ⁶

(1845 - 1908)

John Francis Bryan, son of Samuel William and Mary (Ratliff) Bryan, was born February 7, 1845, at Paris, Missouri. On November 6, 1867, at Gallatin, Missouri, he was married to Mary Ella McDow who was born September 24, 1847, at Camden, same state. They settled at Springfield, and there he died on November 20, 1908. His widow died on February 21, 1930. Several children were born to the union, Buna Noire being the oldest (*q.v.*).

SAMUEL BOWLING ⁶

(1817 - 1892)

Samuel Bowling, the son of Robert and Jane (Neale) Bowling, was born September 8, 1817, at Washington, D. C. He accompanied his parents to Bourbon County, Kentucky, and later to Monroe County, Missouri, where he spent the remainder of his life. On February 26, 1852, he married Nancy Jane Martin who was born October 17, 1832. He died at Shelbina, Missouri, on May 26, 1892; his widow survived him until March 31, 1930.

Children of Samuel and Nancy (Martin) Bowling

1. Malvina Bowling married George Pearl Glenn.
2. Jane Bowling, born 1854, died young.
3. Mary Polly Bowling married John Sidener. *q.v.*
4. Robert Bowling, born Aug. 10, 1858.
5. Zilpha Bowling, born 1861, died 1925.
6. Thomas Crutcher Bowling. *q.v.*
7. Samuel Monthelon Bowling, born Apr. 21, 1869.

Malvina Bowling, the oldest child, was born May 7, 1853, in Missouri. In early life she taught school and in her profession she was a pioneer in advanced educational

methods and with much opposition from the old-school of thought she gradually was able to place her theories into practice. No issue resulted from her marriage with Mr. Glenn. At present (1938) she is the oldest known living descendant of Samuel Luckett, and in her eighties she is still a force and leader in all social and educational enterprises at Norman, her residence, as well as throughout the State of Oklahoma.

ROBERT BOWLING ⁶

(1820 - 1860)

Robert Bowling, son of Robert and Jane Christy (Neale) Bowling, was born September 7, 1820, in Bourbon County, Kentucky. On April 2, 1851, he married Nancy Jane Smith who was born June, 1832, in Kentucky. Three children were born, the oldest being Mary Christie (*q.v.*). Robert Bowling died in Monroe County, Missouri, on December 27, 1860; his widow survived him many years and died in Shelby County, Missouri, on December 26, 1913.

MARY CHRISTIE (BRYAN) REED ⁷

(1860 - 1888)

Mary Christie Byran, daughter of Samuel William and Jane Christie (Bowling) Bryan, was born April 6, 1860, at Gallatin, Missouri. She accompanied her parents when they removed to Springfield, and there she was married on February 19, 1885, to Thomas Benton Reed. She died at Springfield on June 13, 1888. Two children were born—Bryan Alexander (*q.v.*) and Irma Cecile who died in infancy.

MARIAM EDNA (BRYAN) MILLER ⁷

Mariam Edna Bryan, the daughter of Samuel William and Jane Christy (Bowling) Bryan, was born December 31, 1875, near Springfield, Missouri. On July 18, 1907, at Shelbina, Missouri, she married John Craton Miller, of Morganton, North Carolina, born September 10, 1865, at Goldsboro, the son of John Fulenwider and Sarah (Borden) Miller. Two daughters were born to this union, both at Morganton—Marjorie Bryan, born January 11, 1909, and Edna Holliday, born October 21, 1912. Mrs. Miller and her family resides (1938) at Morganton.

CRUTCHER GLENN BRYAN ⁷

Crutcher Glenn Bryan, son of Samuel and Jane Christie (Bowling) Bryan, was born July 11, 1878, near Springfield, Missouri. At that place on August 3, 1903, he was married to Anna Lee Baggett who was born December 11, 1883, at Springdale, Arkansas. They now make their home at Hollywood, California.

Children of Crutcher and Anna Lee (Baggett) Bryan

1. Virginia Irene Bryan, born May 8, 1904, St. Louis, Mo.; married June 5, 1926, Los Angeles, William Bottrell, born Oct. 10, 1896, Cadillac, Mich.
2. George Glenn Bryan, born Apr. 13, 1907, Buffalo, Mo.; married 1935 Bernice Blosset, at Hollywood, Calif.
3. Samuel Wayne Bryan, born Aug. 13, 1909, Buffalo, Mo.; married 1937 Edna Gordon, at Hollywood, Calif.
4. Dorothy Anne Bryan, born Oct. 26, 1914, Springfield, Mo.; married Apr. 6, 1934, Richard B. Moraine, at Glendale, Calif.
5. Marjorie Rose Bryan, born 1918, died 1920.

DAISY JANE (BRYAN) YOST ⁷

Daisy Jane Bryan, the daughter of Samuel William and Jane Christy (Bowling) Bryan, was born November 11, 1880, near Springfield, Missouri. On November 6, 1901, at Shelby, Missouri, she was married to John Baker Yost who was born February 28, 1874, in Virginia. They are the parents of one daughter—Genevieve, born May 15, 1904, who at present (1938) is connected with the Williamsburg Restoration.

SALLIE (DOLING) HAYNES ⁷

Sallie Belle Doling, daughter of James Marshall and Virginia Althea (Bryan) Doling, was born March 26, 1864, at Gallatin, Missouri. At Springfield, Missouri, on December 27, 1882, she married William Johnson Haynes who was born March 16, 1851. He died December 20, 1923.

Four children were born to this union, the oldest being Bessie whose birth occurred October 19, 1884, at St. Louis. On November 9, 1911, she married William Bland Markham. One daughter—Sara Elizabeth was born September 27, 1912, at St. Louis. At present (1937) Mrs. Markham resides at Memphis, Tennessee.

ROBERT LEE DOLING ⁷

Robert Lee Doling, son of James Marshall and Virginia Althea (Bryan) Doling, was born October, 1868, at Springfield, Missouri. There on March 19, 1896, he was married to Anne Maria Mooney. The following children were born—Henryette Virginia; Mary Doris; Anna Irene; Margaret Lee; and Genevieve Jean.

ANNA (DOLING) ATKISSON ⁷

Anna Doling, daughter of James Marshall and Virginia Althea (Bryan) Doling, was born in Springfield, Missouri. On December 10, 1902, she was married to Conquest Cross Atkisson, a native of Lewisburg, Tennessee. She maintains her home (1937) at Marionville, Missouri.

BUNA NOIRE (BRYAN) COPE ⁷

Buna Noire Bryan, the daughter of John Francis and Mary (McDow) Bryan, was born October 31, 1868, at Gallatin, Missouri. She accompanied her parents to Springfield, Missouri, and there on October 27, 1892, she was married to Henry Jarrett Cope who was born March 19, 1867, at Paducah, Kentucky. Two sons were born.

Francis Bryan Cope, the elder, was born February 11, 1894, at Springfield. He attended the State Teacher's College at Springfield, and in 1915 moved with his parents to Gray County, Kansas. He then attended the State Agricultural College at Manhattan, and afterwards was engaged with his father and brother in wheat and stock raising. On April 18, 1918, he enlisted for services in the World War and ultimately entered the Officer's Training School at Camp Pike, Arkansas. Before he completed his course, the Armistice was signed. On September 21, 1921, he was married to Helen L. McCauley at Cimmaron, Kansas. He died September 10, 1933, in St. Anthony's Hospital, Dodge City, Kansas. The following children were born: Wanda Claire on June 23, 1922; Wayne McCauley on June 25, 1925; and Luellen Lorene on June 7, 1929.

Henry Jarrett Cope, Jr., was born May 21, 1896, at Springfield, and later attended the State Teacher's College there. When his parents removed to Gray County, Kansas, he accompanied them and was engaged with his father in farming. He was given a deferred classification by the Government during the World War on account of wheat raising. On November 8, 1922, he married Alice Louise Norman at Kansas City. He is now engaged in dairying with his father at Springfield, Missouri. The following children were born—George Edward on August 28, 1923; Norma Julia on December 14, 1924; and Dorothy Jean on August 11, 1927.

MARY POLLY (BOWLING) SIDENER ⁷
(1856 - 1914)

Mary Polly Bowling, the daughter of Samuel and Nancy (Martin) Bowling, was born June 25, 1856, in Monroe County, Missouri, and married John Sidener. Her death occurred in Canada on January 27, 1914. The following children were born: Lena Lou on October 18, 1877; James Ambrose on November 14, 1878; Mallie May on May 7, 1879; Roberta Pearl on July 12, 1880; Mary Beatrice on August 7, 1888; Frederick; John Austin on June 4, 1893; Jennie Ellen on April 3, 1894; Robert Lee on October 16, 1895; and Gertrude on January 9, 1897.

Gertrude, the youngest daughter, was graduated from the University of Oklahoma and is a member of the Chi Omega Sorority and the Phi Beta Kappa Honorary Fraternity. She married A. N. Phillips.

THOMAS CRUTCHER BOWLING ⁷

Thomas Crutcher Bowling, son of Samuel and Nancy Jane (Martin) Bowling, was born August 13, 1866, in Monroe County, Missouri. On November 1, 1886, he was married at Monroe County to Lulu Jett. At present (1937) he resides at Littleton, Colorado.

Children of Thomas and Lulu (Jett) Bowling

1. Virginia Lee Bowling, born Oct. 16, 1890, married Sept. 17, 1919, Fred Brengle.
2. Archie Russell Bowling, born Apr. 5, 1892, married Sept. 1917, Neta Metcalf.
3. Roy Jett Bowling, born July 31, 1894, married Oct. 31, 1921, Ruby Madison. Issue: Frances Leona, born Nov. 1923; and Doris Virginia, born Mar. 1926.
4. Zilpha Glenn Bowling, born Sept. 3, 1895, married Apr. 23, 1920, Harry Lawson. Issue: Dale Robert, born Feb. 24, 1922.
5. Christie Marie Bowling, born Apr. 8, 1899, married Oct. 14, 1923, John C. Kessenger. Issue: Maurine Elizabeth, born July 17, 1927.
6. Zelma Jane Bowling, born Feb. 16, 1907, married Dec. 3, 1926, Ralph Morehead.

MARY (BOWLING) WITHERS ⁷

Mary Christie Bowling, daughter of Robert and Nancy Jane (Smith) Bowling, was born November 20, 1853, in Monroe County, Missouri. On February 22, 1871, she married Perry G. Withers, of the same county, born 1843 and died 1935. She resides (1937) at Clarence, Missouri.

Children of Perry and Mary (Bowling) Withers

1. Waller Gentry Withers, born Feb. 8, 1874, married Mar. 11, 1896, Lara May Sage. Issue: Lucille

- Lamar, born Feb. 11, 1898, married ——— Witt, and parents of Roger Witt.
2. Nannie Maud Withers, born Nov. 14, 1876, married Jan. 30, 1895, John Henry Edwards. Issue: Nannie Christine, born Jan. 15, 1902, married George L. Kalbfleisch, and parents of Nannie Maud, born Aug. 4, 1922.
 3. Elizabeth Susan Withers, born Apr. 20, 1879, married Dec. 24, 1896, C. H. Burton. Issue: Christie Amelia, born Dec. 16, 1897, married Nov. 15, 1917, Milton J. Glahn, and parents of Joyce Holloway, born 1924, and Ben Arnett, born 1926.
 4. Aubrey Bowling Withers, born Nov. 5, 1881, married Jan. 13, 1904, Anna Vic Woods. Issue: Genevieve; Roberta; and Anna Louise.
 5. Stella Marr Withers, born Apr. 1, 1883, married Oct. 2, 1901, James Henry Robinson. Issue: James Henry, born Apr. 18, 1906, married Dec. 6, 1930, Mildred B. Harding, and parents of James Henry III, born Oct. 13, 1931.
 6. Ruby Adell Withers, born Sept. 16, 1885, married July 10, 1904, Caples E. Wood. Issue: Ledru Marnin, born May 22, 1908; Mandelle, born Nov. 26, 1909, married 1930 Elmo Campbell and parents of Jerry Ledru, born 1931.

BRYAN ALEXANDER REED ⁸

Bryan Alexander Reed, son of Thomas Benton and Mary Christie (Bryan) Reed, was born March 7, 1886, at Springfield, Missouri. On December 30, 1907, he was married to Katie Osenton who died without issue on June 13, 1910. At Salina, Kansas, on October 16, 1919, he married secondly Gussie Applebaugh who was born August 13, 1894. He makes his home at Topeka, Kansas, where his three children were born—Jessie Pauline, born November 22, 1920; Robert Bryan, born May 28, 1922; and Dorothy Lee, born December 3, 1934.

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